CONDITIONS OF USE FOR THIS PDF

The images contained within this PDF may be used for private study, scholarship, and research only. They may not be published in print, posted on the internet, or exhibited. They may not be donated, sold, or otherwise transferred to another individual or repository without the written permission of The Museum of Modern Art Archives.

When publication is intended, publication-quality images must be obtained from SCALA Group, the Museum's agent for licensing and distribution of images to outside publishers and researchers.

If you wish to quote any of this material in a publication, an application for permission to publish must be submitted to the MoMA Archives. This stipulation also applies to dissertations and theses. All references to materials should cite the archival collection and folder, and acknowledge "The Museum of Modern Art Archives, New York."

Whether publishing an image or quoting text, you are responsible for obtaining any consents or permissions which may be necessary in connection with any use of the archival materials, including, without limitation, any necessary authorizations from the copyright holder thereof or from any individual depicted therein.

In requesting and accepting this reproduction, you are agreeing to indemnify and hold harmless The Museum of Modern Art, its agents and employees against all claims, demands, costs and expenses incurred by copyright infringement or any other legal or regulatory cause of action arising from the use of this material.

NOTICE: WARNING CONCERNING COPYRIGHT RESTRICTIONS

The copyright law of the United States (Title 17, United States Code) governs the making of photocopies or other reproductions of copyrighted material. Under certain conditions specified in the law, libraries and archives are authorized to furnish a photocopy or other reproduction. One of these specified conditions is that the photocopy or reproduction is not to be "used for any purpose other than private study, scholarship, or research." If a user makes a request for, or later uses, a photocopy or reproduction for purposes in excess of "fair use," that user may be liable for copyright infringement.

	Collection:	Series Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Guggenheim Museum 1975 Oil on Masonite

Collection Bente Hirsch

IN GRAY

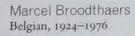
IN GRAY

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Museum of Modern Art 1983–84

Collection Cindy and Alan Lewin, courtesy Ronald Feldman Fine Arts, New York

lman



Musée d'Art Moderne, Département des Aigles, Section Financière 1970–1971 (Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Financial Section) Gold bar stamped with an eagle

Courtesy Galérie Beaumont, Luxembourg

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder: 1828.499

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

IN GRAY

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

IN GRAY



Larry Fink American, born 1941

> Benefit, The Museum of Modern Art, New York June 1977 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

IN GRAY

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder: 1828.499

Vito Acconci

Proximity Piece 1970

Performance

Created for the exhibition Software at The Jewish Museum, New York, September 16—November 8, 1970

Standing near a person and intruding on his/her personal space.

During the exhibition, sometime each day, I wander through the museum and pick out, at random, a visitor to one of the exhibits: I'm standing beside that person, or behind, closer than the accustomed distance. I crowd the person until he/she moves away, or until he/she moves me out of the way.

(Attached to the wall, in the midst of the other exhibits, a 3 x 5" index card notes the activity and describes it as above; the card might or might not be noticed by a viewer passing by.)

-Vito Acconci

IN GRAY



Vito Acconci

Service Area 1970

Performance and installation: table, clear plexiglass container, and wall text

Created for the exhibition Information at The Museum of Modern Art, New York, July 2–September 20, 1970

During the Information exhibition, my mail is forwarded by the post office to the Museum. My space in the show functions as my mailbox: an open plastic box is fixed to the top of a table. When my mail is delivered to the Museum, the Museum staff deposits it in my mailbox.

Whenever I want my mail, whenever I need my mail, I go to the Museum to get it. (On a calendar attached to the wall, above the table, I mark off the dates and times of pick-up.)

-Vito Acconci

IN GRAY

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Marcel Broodthaers's Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles was a conceptual museum created in Brussels in 1968. With neither permanent collection nor fixed location, it manifested itself in sections that appeared at various sites between 1968 and 1971. These sections typically consisted of reproductions of works of art, fine art crates, wall inscriptions, and film elements. In 1970 Broodthaers conceived of the Financial Section (1970-71), in which the artist attempted to fundraise for the museum and ultimately to sell it. He produced an unlimited edition of gold bars stamped with the museum's emblem, an eagle, and sold them at double the market value of gold—the surcharge representing the ingot's value as art.

As part of the Financial Section of his Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Marcel Broodthaers tried in 1971 to sell the museum "pour cause de faillite" ("on account of bankruptcy"). This sale was announced on a book jacket encasing the Cologne Art Fair catalogue of October 1971. On the back of the jacket appears a line from one of the artist's poems on the theme of the eagle, the museum's emblem: "O Mélancolie aigre château des aigles" ("O melancholy bitter castle of eagles").

IN GRAY

IN GRAY



Marcel Broodthaers Belgian, 1924-1976

> Musée d'Art Moderne, Département des Aigles, Section Financière 1970–1971 (Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Financial Section) Book cover for Cologne Art Fair catalogue, 1971

Courtesy Michael Werner Gallery, New York and Cologne

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890–1941

Kabinett der Abstrakten (Interior View)

1927-28

Photograph

Sprengel Museum, Hannover

IN GRAY

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890–1941

Sketch for the Kabinett der Abstrakten

Watercolor on paper (photographic reproduction)

Sprengel Museum, Hannover

IN GRAY



El Lissitzky Russian, 1890–1941

Kabinett der Abstrakten (Interior View)

1927-28

Photograph

Sprengel Museum, Hannover

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York. Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

WHITE

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York. Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

The seven objects shown here are the residual evidence of a series of seriously playful acts committed by Robert Filliou in 1977. At the Louvre and the Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Filliou surreptitiously approached paintings and sculptures, old and modern masterpieces alike, and cleaned them. These actions were photographed, and the snapshots, dust-rags, and precious particles of dust from each cleaning were placed with mock solemnity in their own archival boxes. Filliou's performative gestures embody an ironic artistic exchange: removing from the aging objects a coating of dust, while creating a new piece with the resulting accumulation. The title of the series, Poussière de poussière (Dust to Dust), with its familiar funereal tones, underscores the ultimate immateriality of the work of art.

WHITE



The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

> Vitrine of Reference (II) 1970 Wood vitrine containing various objects

Courtesy Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

dark gray

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

Archives 1987

402 black-and-white photographs under glass, 6 metal screens, assembled in groups of 2, and electric lamps

Collection Ydessa Hendeles, courtesy Ydessa Hendeles Art Foundation, Toronto

dark gray



Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

> Vitrine of Reference (II) 1970 Wood vitrine containing various objects

Courtesy Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

gray

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

Archives 1987

402 black-and-white photographs under glass, 6 metal screens, assembled in groups of 2, and electric lamps

Collection Ydessa Hendeles, courtesy Ydessa Hendeles Art Foundation, Toronto gray

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

1828.499

Works in this installation are fragile. Please proceed with care.

White

Works in this installation are fragile. Please proceed with care.

white

Duchamp created the rectified Readymade L.H.O.O.Q. by drawing a moustache, goatee, and bawdy pun on an ordinary reproduction of the Mona Lisa. The letters L-H-O-O-Q, when pronounced rapidly in French, fuse together to form the words "elle a chaud au cul" or "she's got a hot ass." He later made a second, larger version and, in 1965, created a related work, L.H.O.O.Q. Rasée (L.H.O.O.Q. Shaved), an edition of about one hundred playing cards with an unaltered reproduction of the Mona Lisa, sans facial hair. These were used for invitations to the preview of an exhibition at a New York gallery.





	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Jac Leirner Brazilian, born 1961

> Names (Museums) 1989–92 Plastic bags, polyester foam, and buckram

Collection The Bohen Foundation

gray

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo



The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Paperweights 1982–99 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist and Metro Pictures, New York

gray

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo



Series Folder: Collection: The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

Charles Willson Peale American, 1741-1827

The Artist in His Museum 1822

Oil on canvas

Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, Philadelphia. Gift of Mrs. Sarah Harrison (The Joseph Harrison, Jr., Collection)

gray

David Seymour American, born Poland, 1911-1956

Bernard Berenson 1955

Gelatin silver print

Collection Ben Shneiderman, Washington, D.C.

gray



Eve Arnold American, born 1913

> Untitled (Alfred Steiglitz and Friend at The Museum of Modern Art, New York) 1960

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Eve Arnold/Magnum

gray



The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder: 1828.499

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Ingres, Oedipe Expliquant L'Énigme)

(The Louvre Revisited [Ingres: Oedipus Explaining the Enigma]) 1986 Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

gray

(from right to left)

Jacques Lipchitz
Otto Dix

Paul Klee

WHITE!!!@!!!

(from right to left)

Jacques Lipchitz
Otto Dix
Paul Klee

WHITE!!!@!!!

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY

Collection: MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder: 1828.499

As British artists, the team of Art & Language will, in all likelihood, never be exhibited at the Whitney Museum of American Art in New York. The two paintings shown here are part of a series of twenty-six in which the artists use that institution as a visual backdrop for a strategic confrontation with the museum. The artists symbolically take possession of the museum's space in order to question the subtle exclusions, hierarchies, and dislocations at work in such institutions. For Index: Incident in a Museum XXI, the artists transpose elements of previous paintings from their Studio series (which reference the site of artistic production), into the Whitney Museum. Index: Incident in a Museum XV, with its perspectivally ambiguous depiction of a gallery partition wall, serves to disrupt the stable authority of the museum's modernist interior.

As British artists, the team of Art & Language will, in all likelihood, never be exhibited at the Whitney Museum of American Art in New York. The two paintings shown here are part of a series of twenty-six in which the artists use that institution as a visual backdrop for a strategic confrontation with the museum. The artists symbolically take possession of the museum's space in order to question the subtle exclusions, hierarchies, and dislocations at work in such institutions. For Index: Incident in a Museum XXI, the artists transpose elements of previous paintings from their Studio series (which reference the site of artistic production), into the Whitney Museum. Index: Incident in a Museum XV, with its perspectivally ambiguous depiction of a gallery partition wall, serves to disrupt the stable authority of the museum's modernist interior.

Between 1968 and 1970, Lothar Baumgarten undertook a systematic photographic study of how several European ethnographic museums displayed their objects. The eighty ektachromes in Baumgarten's slide projection *Unsettled Objects* show artifacts at the Pitt Rivers Museum in Oxford, displayed much as they were when the museum first opened to the public in 1874. Removed from their original context and function, cluttered in display cases, and shackled to their descriptive labels, these objects invite an aesthetic, and exotic, appraisal. Baumgarten suggests how this frame of reference—the display created by the institution—deprives the object of its original nature.

alizes the theft in 1990 of five drawings by Degas, one vase, one Napoleonic eagle, and six paintings by Rembrandt, Flinck, Manet, and Vermeer from the Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum in Boston. Gardner's stipulation in her will that the arrangement of the galleries remain static ensures that a sense of loss remains a permanent fixture of the museum. Calle interviewed curators, guards, and other staff members asking them to describe their recollections of the missing objects.

In her series Last Seen..., Sophie Calle memori-

In early 1968, Christo proposed to temporarily yet radically transform The Museum of Modern Art by wrapping it in 70,000 square feet of heavy-gauge canvas tarpaulin bound with thousands of feet of nylon rope, enveloping its sculpture garden in a vast skin of translucent polyethylene, and constructing a twenty-foothigh steel barricade on 53 Street using 441 stacked oil barrels. Numerous architectural renderings, photomontages, and scale models were produced in conjunction with the proposal, which was ultimately rejected (the project was regarded by city authorities as a potentially provocative municipal headache). In lieu of the actual wrapping of the building, a small exhibition of the preparatory works was held in the Museum's lobby in June of that year.

Jan Dibbets's altered photographs capture the encounter between light and structure—more precisely the passage of dispersive light through the structuring influence of an architectural element, frequently a window. Initially created as a slide projection, The Shortest Day at the van Abbemuseum Eindhoven consists of eight rows of ten photographs, shot at ten-minute intervals through a window of the museum, registering the winter solstice from the dimmest light of sunrise to the dark of sunset.

Page 1 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Series.Folder:	
1828.499	
	-

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY

As British artists, the team of Art & Language will, in all likelihood, never be exhibited at the Whitney Museum of American Art in New York. The two paintings shown here are part of a series of twenty-six in which the artists use that institution as a visual backdrop for a strategic confrontation with the museum. The artists symbolically take possession of the museum's space in order to question the subtle exclusions, hierarchies, and dislocations at work in such institutions. For Index: Incident in a Museum XXI, the artists transpose elements of previous paintings from their Studio series (which reference the site of artistic production), into the Whitney Museum. Index: Incident in a Museum XV, with its perspectivally ambiguous depiction of a gallery partition wall, serves to disrupt the stable authority of the museum's modernist interior.

As British artists, the team of Art & Language will, in all likelihood, never be exhibited at the Whitney Museum of American Art in New York. The two paintings shown here are part of a series of twenty-six in which the artists use that institution as a visual backdrop for a strategic confrontation with the museum. The artists symbolically take possession of the museum's space in order to question the subtle exclusions. hierarchies, and dislocations at work in such institutions. For Index: Incident in a Museum XXI, the artists transpose elements of previous paintings from their Studio series (which reference the site of artistic production), into the Whitney Museum. Index: Incident in a Museum XV, with its perspectivally ambiguous depiction of a gallery partition wall, serves to disrupt the stable authority of the museum's modernist interior.

Between 1968 and 1970, Lothar Baumgarten undertook a systematic photographic study of how several European ethnographic museums displayed their objects. The eighty ektachromes in Baumgarten's slide projection Unsettled Objects show artifacts at the Pitt Rivers Museum in Oxford, displayed much as they were when the museum first opened to the public in 1874. Removed from their original context and function, cluttered in display cases, and shackled to their descriptive labels, these objects invite an aesthetic, and exotic, appraisal. Baumgarten suggests how this frame of reference—the display created by the institution-deprives the object of its original nature.

In early 1968, Christo proposed to temporarily

yet radically transform The Museum of Modern

Art by wrapping it in 70,000 square feet of

heavy-gauge canvas tarpaulin bound with thou-

sands of feet of nylon rope, enveloping

its sculpture garden in a vast skin of translucent

polyethylene, and constructing a twenty-foot-

high steel barricade on 53 Street using 441 stacked

oil barrels. Numerous architectural renderings,

photomontages, and scale models were produced

in conjunction with the proposal, which was ulti-

mately rejected (the project was regarded by city

authorities as a potentially provocative municipal

headache). In lieu of the actual wrapping of the

building, a small exhibition of the preparatory

works was held in the Museum's lobby in June of

that year.

Collection:

MoMA Exhs.

In her series Last Seen..., Sophie Calle memorializes the theft in 1990 of five drawings by Degas, one vase, one Napoleonic eagle, and six paintings by Rembrandt, Flinck, Manet, and Vermeer from the Isabella Stewart Gardner Museum in Boston. Gardner's stipulation in her will that the arrangement of the galleries remain static ensures that a sense of loss remains a permanent fixture of the museum. Calle interviewed curators, guards, and other staff members asking them to describe their recollections of the missing objects.

sunrise to the dark of sunset.

Jan Dibbets's altered photographs capture the encounter between light and structure-more precisely the passage of dispersive light through the structuring influence of an architectural element, frequently a window. Initially created as a slide projection, The Shortest Day at the van Abbemuseum Eindhoven consists of eight rows of ten photographs, shot at ten-minute intervals through a window of the museum, registering the winter solstice from the dimmest light of

Page 1

FX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

White Label

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

1828.499

In this work created specially for *The Museum as Muse: Artists Reflect*, Daniel Buren appropriates a section of The Museum of Modern Art's permanent collection, complete with paintings, labels, gallery inscriptions, and lighting system, and transfers it to the present exhibition. In its place, on the second floor, he installs vertical stripes, leaving blank those areas where the paintings were positioned.

Four paintings by Giorgio de Chirico usually on view in this gallery are presently in the exhibition *The Museum as Muse: Artists Reflect* on the ground floor.

The idea for MoMA Whites presented itself to Ericson and Ziegler while installing their Projects exhibition at The Museum of Modern Art in 1988. The artists noted that the various shades of white latex paint used by the Museum were not just those prepared by the manufacturers, but also those custom made for the Museum's curators and named after them. The artists austerely display these institutional "specimens" for the public to scrutinize.

Muse: Artists Reflect, Daniel Buren appropriates a section of The Museum of Modern Art's permanent collection, complete with paintings, labels, gallery inscriptions, and lighting system, and transfers it to the present exhibition. In its place, on the second floor, he installs vertical stripes, leaving blank those areas where the paintings were positioned.

In this work created specially for The Museum as

Four paintings by Giorgio de Chirico usually on view in this gallery are presently in the exhibition *The Museum as Muse: Artists Reflect* on the ground floor.



Page 2

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

During their thirteen-year collaboration, Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler frequently examined the forgotten or overlooked functional aspects of museum environments: public furniture, lighting fixtures, decorative plantings, anonymous hardware, and other elements sublimated in the visitor's experience. Several of the artists' sitespecific works have focused on aspects of The Museum of Modern Art, including Leaf Peeping, a collection of thirty-one glass jars containing different earthy shades of latex paint that mimic autumnal colors. Although the arrangement of the jars in the installation seems random, their pattern on the wall corresponds directly to the layout of the trees in the groundplan of The Museum of Modern Art's sculpture garden.

Sherrie Levine takes up André Malraux's notion that the world of reproductions forms a "museum without walls" and turns it inside out. Pronouncing herself a "still-life artist," one who photographs art reproductions from books, she makes what she calls "ghosts of ghosts" whose relationship to the original work of art is "tertiary... three or four times removed."

During 1965-66, Richard Hamilton produced a series of fiberglass reliefs based on Frank Lloyd Wright's Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum that was conceived as an "essay on style." Hamilton wrote of these works: "It was an attempt to mirror the whole activity of architecture in the confines of a four-foot-square panel." These precious Guggenheims appear suspended ambiguously, and perhaps ironically, between the museum as artwork and the artwork as museum.



During their thirteen-year collaboration, Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler frequently examined the forgotten or overlooked functional aspects of museum environments: public furniture, lighting fixtures, decorative plantings, anonymous hardware, and other elements sublimated in the visitor's experience. Several of the artists' sitespecific works have focused on aspects of The Museum of Modern Art, including Leaf Peeping, a collection of thirty-one glass jars containing different earthy shades of latex paint that mimic autumnal colors. Although the arrangement of the jars in the installation seems random, their pattern on the wall corresponds directly to the layout of the trees in the groundplan of The Museum of Modern Art's sculpture garden.

Allan McCollum's Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates consists of hand-painted plaster casts in the shape of paintings, with their frame and mat all seamlessly molded as one piece. In this repeated form, McCollum's "paintings" become standard, generic types of familiar and recognizable cultural objects that undergo a particular ritual: they are made, valued, exchanged, and placed on a wall. McCollum has stated, "the gallery or the museum, these are the normal sites of paintings. I wanted to create a homogeneous view of their functioning, a kind of generic, portable art object for the wall. The Surrogates represent both an object that the culture at large values and an object that an individual might value in his/her own lifetime." McCollum has exhaustively catalogued this work for his online project, The Registration of an Artwork, created for The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.

Allan McCollum's Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates consists of hand-painted plaster casts in the shape of paintings, with their frame and mat all seamlessly molded as one piece. In this repeated form, McCollum's "paintings" become standard, generic types of familiar and recognizable cultural objects that undergo a particular ritual: they are made, valued, exchanged, and placed on a wall. McCollum has stated, "the gallery or the museum, these are the normal sites of paintings. I wanted to create a homogeneous view of their functioning, a kind of generic, portable art object for the wall. The Surrogates represent both an object that the culture at large values and an object that an individual might value in his/her own lifetime." McCollum has exhaustively catalogued this work for his online project, The Registration of an Artwork, created for The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.

Page 3 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

1828.499

For Gallery Transplant, originally created for the first Earth Art exhibition, at Cornell University's Andrew Dickson White Museum in 1969, Oppenheim took the dimensions of one of that museum's galleries and traced them in a snowy patch of ground in the surrounding countryside. In this ironic reversal, Oppenheim stressed the tension between the outside world and the artificial space of the gallery or museum. For Gallery Transplant, originally created for the first Earth Art exhibition, at Cornell University's Andrew Dickson White Museum in 1969, Oppenheim took the dimensions of one of that museum's galleries and traced them in a snowy patch of ground in the surrounding countryside. In this ironic reversal, Oppenheim stressed the tension between the outside world and the artificial space of the gallery or museum.

"Visiting a museum is a matter of going from void to void," Smithson wrote. "I'm interested for the most part in what's not happening... in the blank and void regions or settings that we never look at. A museum devoted to different kinds of emptiness could be developed." The Museum of the Void addresses several of Smithson's concerns, including the idea of the museum as mausoleum and the decaying of civilization and nature.

Edward Ruscha's ironic vision of *The Los Angeles County Museumon Fire* was first exhibited in 1968, at the Irving Blum Gallery in Los Angeles. Ruscha created a spectacle by announcing that the city's fire marshal would be on hand to see "the most controversial painting to be shown in Los Angeles in our time." The work was exhibited behind a velvet rope as if to hold back an angry crowd. Perhaps a response to the unpopular museum building designed in 1964 by William Pereira, the painting also speaks to this period in which many artists felt alienated from cultural institutions.

In 1971, one year after constructing the Spiral Jetty (a 1,500-foot-long spiral Earthwork of black rock, salt crystals, and gravel in Utah's Great Salt Lake), Robert Smithson made several drawings for a small museum he planned to locate nearby. As a child, Smithson had been fascinated by the elaborate displays and labyrinthine halls of the American Museum of Natural History in New York. His planned bunker-like Museum Concerning Spiral Jetty and its adjoining Underground Projection Room (reached by a spiral staircase) correspond more to the geological and archeological halls of a natural history museum than to any recognizable model for an art museum. The rubble-encased museum was to display samples of salt-encrusted rock (a by-product of the natural processes already transforming the Jetty in the desert lake outside). The dark underground chamber was to serve as a cinema, screening Smithson's own film documenting the construction of Spiral Jetty.

Robert Smithson addressed the opposition between the everyday, outside world and the artificial frame of the exhibition space, inventing the terms "site/non-site" to describe this dichotomy. He wrote that the site is "a place where a piece should be, but isn't. The piece that should be there is now somewhere else, usually in a room. Actually, everything that's of any importance is outside the room. But the room reminds us of the limitations of our condition." In the case of Mono Lake Non-Site (Cinders Near Black Point), the "non-site" is a rectilinear steel container filled with the detritus of volcanic activity, cinders, and pumice collected at the "site" near Mono Lake, California. The topographic survey map that hangs on the wall above, like the container, is a synthetic abstraction removed from the organic reality which it depicts. And while the map, container, and its contents may appear central to the work, they in fact only direct the viewer's attention elsewhere, to that which cannot be contained by the



EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Among Christopher Williams's investigations into the institutional world of archives and museums is the portfolio of twenty-seven photographs titled Angola to Vietnam*, of which only a fraction is displayed here. The photographs show installation views of selected plant replicas from the Harvard Botanical Museum's Ware Collection of Blaschka Glass Models, made between 1887 and 1936. By choosing to photograph models of plants from countries where political disappearances were recorded in 1985, Williams reclassifies

the flora according to their country of origin. Over the institution's botanical classification based on science, the artist proposes another based on politics, thereby underlining the biased

nature of any classification system.

Jeff Wall's sixteen-foot-long photograph Restonation depicts a staged scene: restorers repairing an actual large-scale panorama—nineteenth-century Swiss painter Edouard Castre's Arrivée de l'armée du général Bourbaki. For Wall, however, this immediate theme may be secondary in importance; what interests him is the massiveness of the task these restorers are undertaking, and "the futility of ever bringing the past into the 'now." Jeff Wall's sixteen-foot-long photograph Restoration depicts a staged scene; restorers repairing an actual large-scale panorama—nineteenth-century Swiss painter Edouard Castre's Arrivée de l'amée du général Bourbaki. For Wall, however, this immediate theme may be secondary in importance; what interests him is the massiveness of the task these restorers are undertaking, and "the futility of ever bringing the past into the 'now."





Page 5

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Behind Barbara Bloom's The Reign of Narcissism is the collector's desire to amass, organize, display, and live with objects. Within a parlor-style rotunda, the installation comprises thirteen categories of generic types of objects, from cameos and tea cups to neoclassical busts and vanity mirrors, all of which concentrate on a single subject: the artist's own likeness. A commentary on the excesses of connoisseurship and refinement, The Reign of Narcissism also alludes to a specific aspect of museological history: the private museums of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Such elaborate personal collections allowed an idiosyncratic methodology of organization and display and often mirrored the tasteful obsession of the collector. Yet for Bloom, the installation, which abounds with her repeated image, is "not really about Freudian narcissism, but about the narcissistic aspects of art making and collecting."

Behind Barbara Bloom's The Reign of Narcissism is the collector's desire to amass, organize, display, and live with objects. Within a parlor-style rotunda, the installation comprises thirteen categories of generic types of objects, from cameos and tea cups to neoclassical busts and vanity mirrors, all of which concentrate on a single subject: the artist's own likeness. A commentary on the excesses of connoisseurship and refinement, The Reign of Narcissism also alludes to a specific aspect of museological history: the private museums of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Such elaborate personal collections allowed an idiosyncratic methodology of organization and display and often mirrored the tasteful obsession of the collector. Yet for Bloom, the installation, which abounds with her repeated image, is "not really about Freudian narcissism, but about the narcissistic aspects of art making and collecting."

Christian Boltanski recognizes something melancholic in the way museums collect and display objects and asserts that "we can preserve things only by stopping life's course." In Boltanski's Archives, photographs of over four hundred anonymous individuals are arranged, with somber evocations, on wire-mesh grills that recall the racks of museum storage areas. A certain sense of loss is heightened by the cramped, dimly lit room in which these photographs are hung. Of this work, Boltanski has written: "None of these superimposed faces tells us anything about the destiny of these beings, the different lives of each of them remain unknown to us. They are here, next to each other, they who had no reason to meet, waiting, until some can name them again."

Collection:

MoMA Exhs.

As part of the Financial Section of his Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Marcel Broodthaers tried in 1971 to sell the museum "pour cause de faillite" ("on account of bankruptcy"). This sale was announced on a book jacket encasing the Cologne Art Fair catalogue of October 1971. On the back of the jacket appears a line from one of the artist's poems on the theme of the eagle, the museum's emblem: "O Mélancolie aigre château des aigles" ("O melancholy bitter castle of eagles").

Marcel Broodthaers's Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles was a conceptual museum created in Brussels in 1968. With neither permanent collection nor fixed location, it manifested itself in sections that appeared at various sites between 1968 and 1971. These sections typically consisted of reproductions of works of art, fine art crates, wall inscriptions, and film elements. In 1970 Broodthaers conceived of the Financial Section (1970-71), in which the artist attempted to fundraise for the museum and ultimately to sell it. He produced an unlimited edition of gold bars stamped with the museum's emblem, an eagle, and sold them at double the market value of gold-the surcharge representing the ingot's value as art.

Marcel Broodthaers's Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles was a conceptual museum created in Brussels in 1968. With neither permanent collection nor fixed location, it manifested itself in sections that appeared at various sites between 1968 and 1971. These sections typically consisted of reproductions of works of art, fine art crates, wall inscriptions, and film elements. In 1970 Broodthaers conceived of the Financial Section (1970-71), in which the artist attempted to fundraise for the museum and ultimately to sell it. He produced an unlimited edition of gold bars stamped with the museum's emblem, an eagle, and sold them at double the market value of gold-the surcharge representing the ingot's value as art.

Page 6

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

White and Light Gray Labels

White and Light Gray Labels

While most recorded museum tours seek to instruct the public and complement the artworks with a didactic experience, Cardiff uses the acoustic guided tour as the actual medium of art. Awareness and sensation are heightened, influenced and informed by the words, music, and sound effects that Cardiff mixes into the recording, and the visitor's perception of the surrounding "artistic" space is altered. In a new work created for *The Museum as Muse: Artists Reflect Cardiff presents a tour through The Museum of Modern Art.*

Herbert Distel Swiss, born 1942

Museum of Drawers 1970-77

Chest of drawers containing miniature works by various artists

Kunsthaus Zürich. Donation of Herbert Distel and The Foundation Julius Bär

Between 1970 and 1977, Herbert Distel amassed a collection of miniature art works by 500 invited artists, including Joseph Albers, Joseph Beuys, Marcel Broodthaers, Christo, Richard Long, Pablo Picasso, Robert Smithson, and Andy Warhol. Assuming the role of museum curator, Distel installed each contribution within the drawers of a tailor's spool storage cabinet. Unlike George Maciunas's Flux Cabinet, Distel conceived his Museum of Drawers not as an anthology of a single creative movement, but as a comprehensive survey of recent artistic currents, designating it "the smallest museum of modern art in the 20th century."

Herbert Distel Swiss, born 1942

Museum of Drawers 1970-77

Chest of drawers containing miniature works by various artists

Kunsthaus Zürich. Donation of Herbert Distel and The Foundation Julius Bär

Between 1970 and 1977, Herbert Distel amassed a collection of miniature art works by 500 invited artists, including Joseph Albers, Joseph Beuys, Marcel Broodthaers, Christo, Richard Long, Pablo Picasso, Robert Smithson, and Andy Warhol. Assuming the role of museum curator, Distel installed each contribution within the drawers of a tailor's spool storage cabinet. Unlike George Maciunas's Flux Cabinet, Distel conceived his Museum of Drawers not as an anthology of a single creative movement, but as a comprehensive survey of recent artistic currents, designating it "the smallest museum of modern art in the 20th century."

Page 7

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM146 Ink color: Black

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Duchamp created the "boîte-en-valise," or box in a suitcase, as a portable miniature monograph of his own work. The deluxe edition, assembled between 1935 and 1940, includes twenty-four boxes (twenty in the planned edition, four made outside of the series), each with sixty-nine reproductions and one "original." The boxes unfold to reveal various works on pull-out standing frames, diminutive Readymades, and loose prints on paper. In The Museum of Modern Art's box, the "original" is a hand-colored collotype of the upper portion of The Bride Stripped Bare by her Bachelors, Even or Large Glass (1915-23). The suitcase is modeled on a Louis Vuitton "portemonnaie," or money bag, made expressly for gamblers, which was fitting given Duchamp's interest in gambling and game theory. A later edition of boxes was created during the 1950s and 60s and assembled by Duchamp and some of his friends. For these later boxes, several of which are exhibited here, he eliminated the suitcase, used different color fabrics for the exterior, and varied the contents inside.

Duchamp created the "boîte-en-valise," or box in a suitcase, as a portable miniature monograph of his own work. The deluxe edition, assembled between 1935 and 1940, includes twenty-four boxes (twenty in the planned edition, four made outside of the series), each with sixty-nine reproductions and one "original." The boxes unfold to reveal various works on pull-out standing frames, diminutive Readymades, and loose prints on paper. In The Museum of Modern Art's box, the "original" is a hand-colored collotype of the upper portion of The Bride Stripped Bare by her Bachelors, Even or Large Glass (1915-23). The suitcase is modeled on a Louis Vuitton "portemonnaie," or money bag, made expressly for gamblers, which was fitting given Duchamp's interest in gambling and game theory. A later edition of boxes was created during the 1950s and 60s and assembled by Duchamp and some of his friends. For these later boxes, several of which are exhibited here, he eliminated the suitcase, used different color fabrics for the exterior, and varied the contents inside.

The seven objects shown here are the residual evidence of a series of seriously playful acts committed by Robert Filliou in 1977. At the Louvre and the Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Filliou surreptitiously approached paintings and sculptures, old and modern masterpieces alike, and cleaned them. These actions were photographed, and the snapshots, dust-rags, and precious particles of dust from each cleaning were placed with mock solemnity in their own archival boxes. Filliou's performative gestures embody an ironic artistic exchange: removing from the aging objects a coating of dust, while creating a new piece with the resulting accumulation. The title of the series, Poussière de poussière (Dust to Dust), with its familiar funereal tones, underscores the ultimate immateriality of the work of art.

Duchamp created the "boîte-en-valise," or box in a suitcase, as a portable miniature monograph of his own work. The deluxe edition, assembled between 1935 and 1940, includes twenty-four boxes (twenty in the planned edition, four made outside of the series), each with sixty-nine reproductions and one "original." The boxes unfold to reveal various works on pull-out standing frames, diminutive Readymades, and loose prints on paper. In The Museum of Modern Art's box, the "original" is a hand-colored collotype of the upper portion of The Bride Stripped Bare by her Bachelors, Even or Large Glass (1915-23). The suitcase is modeled on a Louis Vuitton "portemonnaie," or money bag, made expressly for gamblers, which was fitting given Duchamp's interest in gambling and game theory. A later edition of boxes was created during the 1950s and 60s and assembled by Duchamp and some of his friends. For these later boxes, several of which are exhibited here, he eliminated the suitcase, used different color fabrics for the exterior, and varied the contents inside

Duchamp created the "boite-en-valise," or box in a suitcase, as a portable miniature monograph of his own work. The deluxe edition, assembled between 1935 and 1940, includes twenty-four boxes (twenty in the planned edition, four made outside of the series), each with sixty-nine reproductions and one "original." The boxes unfold to reveal various works on pull-out standing frames, diminutive Readymades, and loose prints on paper. In The Museum of Modern Art's box, the "original" is a hand-colored collotype of the upper portion of The Bride Stripped Bare by her Bachelors, Even or Large Glass (1915-23). The suitcase is modeled on a Louis Vuitton "portemonnaie," or money bag, made expressly for gamblers, which was fitting given Duchamp's interest in gambling and game theory. A later edition of boxes was created during the 1950s and 60s and assembled by Duchamp and some of his friends. For these later boxes, several of which are exhibited here, he eliminated the suitcase, used different color fabrics for the exterior, and varied the contents inside.

The seven objects shown here are the residual evidence of a series of seriously playful acts committed by Robert Filliou in 1977. At the Louvre and the Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Filliou surreptitiously approached paintings and sculptures, old and modern masterpieces alike, and cleaned them. These actions were photographed, and the snapshots, dust-rags, and precious particles of dust from each cleaning were placed with mock solemnity in their own archival boxes. Filliou's performative gestures embody an ironic artistic exchange: removing from the aging objects a coating of dust, while creating a new piece with the resulting accumulation. The title of the series, Poussière de poussière (Dust to Dust), with its familiar funereal tones, underscores the ultimate immateriality of the work of art.



Page 8 EX0308 -The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

White and Light Gray Label

Wall color: <u>BM1467</u> Ink color: <u>Black</u> Gallery: Collection: MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

1828.499

Fluxus (International collective, founded 1962)

Flux Cabinet 1975-77

(Fluxus Edition, designed and assembled by George Maciunas 1977). Wood cabinet with 20 drawers containing objects by different artists

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection Foundation, Demoit

Designed and assembled by Fluxus founder George Maciunas, the Flux Cabinet represents the culmination of a sixteen-year effort to collect, anthologize, and promulgate the creative output of this eclectic international art collective during the 1960s and 1970s. The art of Fluxus reveled in encyclopedic accumulation and favored collections of works that provide their own venues of display. The Flux Cabinet manifests this tendency, serving as a miniature Fluxus museum for works by fourteen different Fluxus artists, including George Brecht, Robert Watts, Ben Vautier, and Claes Oldenburg. In arranging the diminutive displays, some whimsical, others threatening or enigmatic, Maciunas took on a curatorial role, organizing and "pigeonholing" his roster of artists, assembling a mini-"Fluxshow," drawer by drawer.

Fluxus

(International collective, founded 1962)

Flux Cabinet 1975-77

(Fluxus Edition, designed and assembled by George Maciunas 1977). Wood cabinet with 20 drawers containing objects by different artists

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection Foundation, Detroit

Designed and assembled by Fluxus founder George Maciunas, the Flux Cabinet represents the culmination of a sixteen-year effort to collect, anthologize, and promulgate the creative output of this eclectic international art collective during the 1960s and 1970s. The art of Fluxus reveled in encyclopedic accumulation and favored collections of works that provide their own venues of display. The Flux Cabinet manifests this tendency, serving as a miniature Fluxus museum for works by fourteen different Fluxus artists, including George Brecht, Robert Watts, Ben Vautier, and Claes Oldenburg. In arranging the diminutive displays, some whimsical, others threatening or enigmatic, Maciunas took on a curatorial role, organizing and "pigeonholing" his roster of artists. assembling a mini-"Fluxshow," drawer by drawer. Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

Untitled (Bébé Marie) early 19408
Papered and painted wood box, with painted corrugated cardboard floor, containing doll in cloth dress and straw hat with cloth flowers, dried flowers, and twigs, flecked with paint

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Acquired through the Lillie P Blim Bequest

General Idea

The Boutique from the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion 1980

Galvanized metal and plexiglass, containing various General Idea multiples, prints, posters, and publications

Collection Art Gallery of Ontario, Toronto. Gift of Sandra Simpson, 1998

Between 1971 and 1987, General Idea built a complex mythology in order to internalize, as well as comment upon, the art world. The Boutique was part of this series of projects, conceived for the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion, a decentralized structure consisting of various installations dispersed around the world, forming an autonomous "museum" unrelated to its host sites. Shaped as a dollar-sign, the Boutique functions as a museum shop within the exhibition space, blurring the lines between art and commerce, offering a selection of General Idea's publications and multiples "for sale." Earlier installations of the Boutique featured an actual sales person, heightening the sense of its functional and locational impropriety.

age 9

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

White and Light Gray Laber

Wall color: BM1467 Ink color: Black Gallery: MoMA Exhs.

1828.499

For Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk, a performance held at the Philadelphia Museum of Art in 1989 and recorded on video, Andrea Fraser assumed the role of a museum docent, under the name Jane Castelton. She conducts a tour of museum galleries, cafeteria, and lobby, making comments that are, in fact, largely drawn from institutional publications, but here synthesized in an incongruous fashion. For Fraser, Jane Castelton personifies a non-expert volunteer from an upper-class background who possesses "the leisure and the economic and cultural capital that defines a museum's patron class."

For Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk, a performance held at the Philadelphia Museum of Art in 1989 and recorded on video, Andrea Fraser assumed the role of a museum docent, under the name Jane Castelton. She conducts a tour of museum galleries, cafeteria, and lobby, making comments that are, in fact, largely drawn from institutional publications, but here synthesized in an incongruous fashion. For Fraser, Jane Castelton personifies a non-expert volunteer from an upper-class background who possesses "the leisure and the economic and cultural capital that defines a museum's patron class."

Since the mid-1960s, Hans Haacke has scrutinized and exposed the social structures and political dynamics of art institutions. His "Seurat's Les Poseuses" (Small Version), 1888-1975 consists of a color reproduction of a Georges Seurat painting and documentation of its provenance, beginning with its gift to the artist's friend Jules Christophe to its eventual acquisition eighty years later by one of the directors of Artemis, an art-investment group. In this detailed analysis, Haacke investigates each of the fourteen successive owners, assembling explicit biographical information and disclosing their financial dealings and political affiliations.

Hans Haacke's Cowboy with Cigarette is based on the Picasso collage Man with a Hat (1912-13) (from the collection of The Museum of Modern Art). Re-creating the Picasso work using contemporary tobacco-related press clippings as well as Philip Morris company documents, Haacke comments on that tobacco company's support of the Museum's 1989 exhibition Picasso and Braque: Pioneering Cubism and suggests that corporate patronage is not solely disinterested benevolence.

Between 1971 and 1987, General Idea built a complex mythology in order to internalize, as well as comment upon, the art world. The Boutique was part of this series of projects, conceived for the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion, a decentralized structure consisting of various installations dispersed around the world, forming an autonomous "museum" unrelated to its host sites. Shaped as a dollar-sign, the Boutique functions as a museum shop within the exhibition space, blurring the lines between art and commerce, offering a selection of General Idea's publications and multiples "for sale." Earlier installations of the Boutique featured an actual sales person, heightening the sense of its functional and locational impropriety.

Since the mid-1960s, Hans Haacke has scrutinized and exposed the social structures and political dynamics of art institutions. His "Seurat's Les Poseuses" (Small Version), 1888-1975 consists of a color reproduction of a Georges Seurat painting and documentation of its provenance, beginning with its gift to the artist's friend Jules Christophe to its eventual acquisition eighty years later by one of the directors of Artemis, an art-investment group. In this detailed analysis, Haacke investigates each of the fourteen successive owners, assembling explicit biographical information and disclosing their financial dealings and political affiliations.

as Muse: Artist Reflect

Ink color: Black

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

The design of exhibition spaces comprised a major aspect of El Lissitzky's creative activity during the 1920s and 1930s. His design for a gallery of geometric abstract art at the Hannover Museum (now the Sprengel Museum) applied Constructivist principles to creating an ideal environment for the appropriate appreciation of new art. The Kabinett der Abstrakten (Cabinet of the Abstract) (1927-28), as it was popularly known, demonstrated El Lissitzky's conviction that modern art required new and innovative types of exhibition space, distinct from those which traditionally housed older art. In the Kabinett der Abstrakten, the walls ceased to function as mere supports for the art, and were conceived instead as integral parts of a total visual experience, involving the viewer in the process of looking at and interacting with the art. Precisely planned color and tonal variations and numerous modulated relief elements combined to produce various optical effects, depending on the relative position of the viewer. A system of sliding screens also permitted viewers to alternate the works displayed, further encouraging the spectator's participation.

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

Vik Muniz created his series Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) shortly after visiting the exhibition Alfred Stieglitz at Lake George at The Museum of Modern Art in 1995. He photographed the Museum's marble floor to create a series of enigmatic images referring to Stieglitz's photographs of the same title and evoking skies, clouds, and the moon.

Herbert Distel Swiss, born 1942

> Museum of Drawers 1970-77 Chest of drawers containing miniature works by various artists

Kunsthaus Zürich. Donation of Herbert Distel and The Foundation Julius Bär Page 11

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1467 Ink color: Black Gallery:

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

White and Light Gray Labels

Page 12 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1667

Designed and assembled by Fluxus founder George Maciunas, the *Flux Cabinet* represents the culmination of a sixteen-year effort to collect, anthologize, and promulgate the creative output of this eclectic international art collective during the 1960s and 1970s. The art of Fluxus reveled in encyclopedic accumulation and favored collections of works that provide their own venues of display. The *Flux Cabinet* manifests this tendency, serving as a miniature Fluxus museum for works by fourteen different Fluxus artists, including George Brecht, Robert Watts, Ben Vautier, and Claes Oldenburg. In arranging the diminutive displays, some whimsical, others threatening or enigmatic, Maciunas took on a curatorial role, organizing and "pigeonholing" his roster of artists, assembling a mini-"Fluxshow," drawer by drawer.

Between 1970 and 1977, Herbert Distel amassed a collection of miniature art works by 500 invited artists, including Joseph Albers, Joseph Beuys, Marcel Broodthaers, Christo, Richard Long, Pablo Picasso, Robert Smithson, and Andy Warhol. Assuming the role of museum curator, Distel installed each contribution within the drawers of a tailor's spool storage cabinet. Unlike George Maciunas's Flux Cabinet, Distel conceived his Museum of Drawers not as an anthology of a single creative movement, but as a comprehensive survey of recent artistic currents, designating it "the smallest museum of modern art in the 20th century."

Designed and assembled by Fluxus founder George Maciunas, the Flux Cabinet represents the culmination of a sixteen-year effort to collect, anthologize, and promulgate the creative output of this eclectic international art collective during the 1960s and 1970s. The art of Fluxus reveled in encyclopedic accumulation and favored collections of works that provide their own venues of display. The Flux Cabinet manifests this tendency, serving as a miniature Fluxus museum for works by fourteen different Fluxus artists, including George Brecht, Robert Watts, Ben Vautier, and Claes Oldenburg. In arranging the diminutive displays, some whimsical, others threatening or enigmatic, Maciunas took on a curatorial role, organizing and "pigeonholing" his roster of artists, assembling a mini-"Fluxshow," drawer by drawer.

Between 1970 and 1977, Herbert Distel amassed a collection of miniature art works by 500 invited artists, including Joseph Albers, Joseph Beuys, Marcel Broodthaers, Christo, Richard Long, Pablo Picasso, Robert Smithson, and Andy Warhol. Assuming the role of museum curator, Distel installed each contribution within the drawers of a tailor's spool storage cabinet. Unlike George Maciunas's Flux Cabinet, Distel conceived his Museum of Drauers not as an anthology of a single creative movement, but as a comprehensive survey of recent artistic currents, designating it "the smallest museum of modern art in the 20th century."

In the mid-1960s, Claes Oldenburg began amassing objects and images for use as a visual archive, which eventually evolved into a collection housed in its own small museum designed by the artist. The form of Oldenburg's Mouse Museum outlines the familiar silhouette of Mickey Mouse's head, while also evoking the contours of an early motion picture camera. The vitrines lining its windowless interior display 385 artifacts—a collection of found objects, popular knickknacks, modified detritus, and by-products of Oldenburg's art-making process.

In the mid-1960s, Claes Oldenburg began amassing objects and images for use as a visual archive, which eventually evolved into a collection housed in its own small museum designed by the artist. The form of Oldenburg's Mouse Museum outlines the familiar silhouette of Mickey Mouse's head, while also evoking the contours of an early motion picture camera. The vitrines lining its windowless interior display 385 artifacts—a collection of found objects, popular knickknacks, modified detritus, and by-products of Oldenburg's art-making process.

Hubert Robert, best known as a painter of classical ruins and landscapes, held a position in the Louvre similar to that of a present-day curator. He was instrumental in the Louvre's transition, in 1793, from royal collection to public institution and created numerous paintings showing his designs for refurbishment of its Grande Galerie. In this painting, Robert imagines the Grande Galerie in ruins, endowing it with a sense of majesty and timelessness by treating it as a scene from antiquity and placing a famous classical sculpture, the Apollo Belvedere (housed in the Vatican Museums in Rome), in the midst of the ruins. This painting is one of several sketches for a larger painting in the Louvre's collection.

Charles Willson Peale, an inventor, botanist, engraver, zoologist, soldier, civic official, and well-known eighteenth-century portrait painter, was also the creator of the first American museum, an encyclopedic institution devoted to cultural and natural history. Founded in Philadelphia, Peale's museum included an extensive portrait gallery, vitrines for collections of minerals and precious stones, and cabinets for the elaborate display of specimens from the animal and vegetable worlds. Applying an organizational structure in part derived from the Linnean system of taxonomy, Peale arranged his entire collection according to the hierarchical order of the natural world. Humans dominated this order, and accordingly portraits were hung high on the wall, as can be seen in Peale's life-sized self-portrait, The Artist in His Museum. In this work, among the artist's last, Peale depicts himself as the epitome of the gentleman connoisseur.

This publication is available at The MoMA Book Store upon request with your admission ticket or membership card.

This publication is available at The MoMA Book Store upon request with your admission ticket or membership card.

This publication is available at the MoMA Information Desk on the ground floor upon request with your admission ticket or membership card.

Page 13
EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1467 ink color: Black Gallery:

White and Light Gray Labels

For Art in Our Time, created specially for this exhibition, Fred Wilson chooses to examine the Museum's memory of itself by mining its photographic archive. The images he selected and the way they are presented reveal much about the Museum that cannot be apprehended from its public galleries. He further explores this collection of images in his special on-line project Road to Victory (1999), on view at The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.



Allan McCollum's Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates consists of hand-painted plaster casts in the shape of paintings, with their frame and mat all seamlessly molded as one piece. In this repeated form, McCollum's "paintings" become standard, generic types of familiar and recognizable cultural objects that undergo a particular ritual: they are made, valued, exchanged, and placed on a wall. McCollum has stated, "the gallery or the museum, these are the normal sites of paintings. I wanted to create a homogeneous view of their functioning, a kind of generic, portable art object for the wall. The Surrogates represent both an object that the culture at large values and an object that an individual might value in his/her own lifetime." McCollum has exhaustively catalogued this work for his online project, The Registration of an Artwork, created for The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.

Fred Wilson American, born 1954

Art in Our Time 1998
Wall installation of black-and-white photographs

Collection the artist and Metro Pictures, New York

Fred Wilson American, born 1954

Art in Our Time 1998
Wall installation of black-and-white photographs

Collection the artist and Metro Pictures, New York

Allan McCollum's Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates consists of hand-painted plaster casts in the shape of paintings, with their frame and mat all seamlessly molded as one piece. In this repeated form, McCollum's "paintings" become standard, generic types of familiar and recognizable cultural objects that undergo a particular ritual: they are made, valued, exchanged, and placed on a wall. McCollum has stated, "the gallery or the museum, these are the normal sites of paintings. I wanted to create a homogeneous view of their functioning, a kind of generic. portable art object for the wall. The Surrogates represent both an object that the culture at large values and an object that an individual might value in his/her own lifetime." McCollum has exhaustively catalogued this work for his online project, The Registration of an Artwork, created for The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.

For Art in Our Time, created specially for this exhibition, Fred Wilson chooses to examine the Museum's memory of itself by mining its photographic archive. The images he selected and the way they are presented reveal much about the Museum that cannot be apprehended from its public galleries. He further explores this collection of images in his special on-line project Road to Victory (1999), on view at The Museum of Modern Art Web site at www.moma.org.

Allan McCollum American, born 1944

> Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates 1982/89

Enamel on solid cast hydrostone

Collection the artist

Allan McCollum American, born 1944

Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty
Plaster Surrogates 1982/89
Enamel on solid cast hydrostone

Collection the artist

Page 14
EX0308 - The Museum
as Muse: Artist Reflect

FF White Labe

Wall color: OFF WHITE
Ink color: Black

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989 Video, approximately 29 minutes

Collection the artist

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989 Video, approximately 29 minutes

The Museum of Modern Art, New York

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

Archives 1987

402 black-and-white photographs under glass, 6 metal screens, assembled in groups of 2, and electric lamps

Collection Ydessa Hendeles, courtesy Ydessa Hendeles Art Foundation, Toronto Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

> Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989 Video, approximately 29 minutes

Collection the artist

Janet Cardiff Canadian, born 1957

> MoMA Walk 1999 Audio CD and compact disc player, approximately 16 minutes

Courtesy the artist

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989

Video, approximately 29 minutes

The Museum of Modern Art, New York

Charles Willson Peale American, 1741-1827

The Artist in His Museum 1822

Oil on canvas

Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, Philadelphia Gift of Mrs. Sarah Harrison (The Joseph Harrison, Jr., Collection)

Page 15

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM14897 Ink color: WHITE Gallery:

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

For Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk, a performance held at the Philadelphia Museum of Art in 1989 and recorded on video, Andrea Fraser assumed the role of a museum docent, under the name Jane Castelton. She conducts a tour of museum galleries, cafeteria, and lobby, making comments that are, in fact, largely drawn from institutional publications, but here synthesized in an incongruous fashion. For Fraser, Jane Castelton personifies a non-expert volunteer from an upper-class background who possesses "the leisure and the economic and cultural capital that defines a museum's patron class."

For Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk, a performance held at the Philadelphia Museum of Art in 1989 and recorded on video, Andrea Fraser assumed the role of a museum docent, under the name Jane Castelton. She conducts a tour of museum galleries, cafeteria, and lobby, making comments that are, in fact, largely drawn from institutional publications, but here synthesized in an incongruous fashion. For Fraset, Jane Castelton personifies a non-expert volunteer from an upper-class background who possesses "the leisure and the economic and cultural capital that defines a museum's patron class."

Christian Boltanski recognizes something melancholic in the way museums collect and display objects and asserts that "we can preserve things only by stopping life's course." In Boltanski's Archives, photographs of over four hundred anonymous individuals are arranged, with somber evocations, on wire-mesh grills that recall the racks of museum storage areas. A certain sense of loss is heightened by the cramped, dimly lit room in which these photographs are hung. Of this work, Boltanski has written: "None of these superimposed faces tells us anything about the destiny of these beings, the different lives of each of them remain unknown to us. They are here, next to each other, they who had no reason to meet, waiting, until some can name them again."



Page 16

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1469 Ink color: WHITE Gallery:

ALCOHOL STATE OF THE STATE OF T	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Allan McCollum American, born 1944

> Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates 1982/89 Enamel on solid cast hydrostone

Collection the artist

Edward Ruscha American, born 1937

The Los Angeles County Museum on Fire 1965–68

Oil on canvas

Hirshhorn Museum and Sculpture Garden, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, D.C. Gift of Joseph H. Hirshhorn, 1972 Robert Smithson American, 1938–1973

Museum Plan—Utah 1971 Blue ink and pencil on paper

Estate of Robert Smithson, courtesy John Weber Gallery, New York

Allan McCollum American, born 1944

> Collection of Four Hundred and Eighty Plaster Surrogates 1982/89 Enamel on solid cast hydrostone

Collection the artist

Robert Smithson American, 1938–1973

> The Museum of the Void 1969 Pencil on paper

The Over Holland Collection

Robert Smithson American, 1938–1973

> Underground Projection Room 1971 Pencil on paper

Estate of Robert Smithson, courtesy John Weber Gallery, New York

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Ingres, Oedipe Expliquant L'Énigme) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited [Ingres: Oedipus Explaining the Enigma]) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

Robert Smithson American, 1938–1973

> Plan for Museum Concerning Spiral Jetty 1971

Pencil on paper

Estate of Robert Smithson, courtesy John Weber Gallery, New York Robert Smithson American, 1938–1973

> Mono Lake Non-Site (Cinders Near Black Point) 1968 Painted steel container, cinders and site map

Museum of Contemporary Art, San Diego. Museum Purchase

Page 1

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Eve Arnold American, born 1913

> Untitled (Silvana Mangano at The Museum of Modern Art) 1956 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Eve Arnold/Magnum

Henri Cartier-Bresson French, born 1908

An Eye at the Museum of Modern Art, New York 1947 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of Monroe Wheeler

Lutz Dille Canadian, born Germany, 1922

> Three in a Window 1959 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Mr. and Mrs. Clark Winter Fund Michael Asher American, born 1943

Untitled 1999

Publication listing deaccessions from the Painting and Sculpture collection of The Museum of Modern Art, New York, 1929 through 1998

Henri Cartier-Bresson French, born 1908

In a Museum: Tashkent, Uzbekistan 1974 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Janet Cardiff Canadian, born 1957

> MoMA Walk 1999 Audio CD and compact disc player, approximately 16 minutes

Courtesy the artist

Henri Cartier-Bresson French, born 1908

> Musée du Louvre 1954 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series E, Paris, 1963)
Box covered in dark green imitation leather and lined in light green Ingres paper containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series F, Paris, 1966)
Box covered in red leather and lined in red
linen containing miniature replicas and color
reproductions of works by Duchamp (80 items)

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the artist

Page 18

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM146T Gray Ink color: Black Gallery:

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

> Greece 1963 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

> Venice 1965 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

Abguss Sammlung Antiker Plastik Museum, Berlin 1996 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

> Victoria and Albert Museum, London 1996 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

Untitled 1976 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Roger Fenton British, 1819–1869

> Discobolus c. 1857 Albumen print

The Royal Photographic Society, Bath

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

> Victoria and Albert Museum, London 1996 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Elliott Erwitt American, born 1928

> Victoria and Albert Museum, London 1996 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Roger Fenton British, 1819–1869

British Museum, Gallery of Antiquities

Albumen print

The Royal Photographic Society, Bath

Page 19

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1467 Gray
Ink color: Black
Gallery:

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> The Museum of Modern Art, New York 1975 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> Benefit, The Museum of Modern Art, New York June 1977 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York, Gift of the photographer

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, Costume Ball December 1995 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> The Corcoran Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C. May 1975 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> Allentown Museum, Allentown, Pennsylvania December 1978 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, Costume Ball December 1995 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> Benefit, The Corcoran Gallery of Art, Washington, D.C. February 1975 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, Costume Ball December 1995 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Fluxus (International collective, founded 1962)

Flux Cabinet 1975–77
(Fluxus Edition, designed and assembled by
George Maciunas 1977).
Wood cabinet with 20 drawers containing objects
by different artists

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxus Collection Foundation, Detroit

Page 20

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM14E7 Gray Ink color: Black

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Gunther Forg German, born 1952

> Pinakothek München 1983–86 Black-and-white photograph

Collection Rudolf Burniller, Stuttgart

Günther Förg German, born 1952

> Pinakothek München 1983-86 Black-and-white photograph

Grasslin Collection, St. Georgen, Germany

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

> Welcome to the Wadsworth: A Museum Tour 1991

Video, 25 minutes

The Museum of Modern Art, New York

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989 Video, approximately 29 minutes

video, approximately 22 minutes

Collection the artist

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989

Video, approximately 29 minutes

Collection the artist

Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

> Welcome to the Wadsworth: A Museum Tour 1991

Video, 25 minutes

Collection the artist

General Idea

The Boutique from the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion 1980

Galvanized metal and plexiglass, containing various General Idea multiples, prints, posters, and publications

Collection Art Gallery of Ontario, Toronto. Gift of Sandra Simpson, 1998 Hans Haacke German, born 1936

> Seurat's "Les Poseuses" (Small Version), 1888–1975

Fourteen wall panels and one color reproduction of Georges Seurat's *Les Poseuses*; color reproduction by Dia Blauel, Munich

Collection Gilbert and Lila Silverman, Detroit

Hans Haacke German, born 1936

> Seurat's "Les Poseuses" (Small Version), 1888–1975

Fourteen wall panels and one color reproduction of Georges Seurat's *Les Poseuses*; color reproduction by Dia Blauel, Munich

Collection Gilbert and Lila Silverman, Detroit

Page 21

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1467 Gray Ink color: Black Gallery:

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Hans Haacke German, born 1936

> Cowboy with Cigarette 1990 Pasted paper, charcoal, ink, and frame

Collection Joseph Lebon

Candida Höfer German, born 1944

> Museum Van Hedendaagse Kunst Gent III 1995

C-print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Susan Hiller American, born 1942

From The Freud Museum 1991–96

Vitrine installation: 50 customized cardboard boxes fitted with artifacts, texts, images, etc.; each box individually titled, dated, and captioned; one box contains miniature LCD monitor showing artist's silent video program Bright Shadow on a continuous loop

Tate Gallery, London Purchased 1998

Candida Höfer German, born 1944

> Kunstsammlung Nordrhein-Westfalen, Düsseldorf 1995

C-print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Candida Höfer German, born 1944

> Galleria Nazionale d'Arte Moderna, Roma 1990

C-print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Candida Höfer German, born 1944

Candida Höfer

C-print

German, born 1944

Museum Folkwang Essen 1982

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Kunsthaus Zürich I 1994 C-print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Susan Hiller American, born 1942

From The Freud Museum 1991–96
Vitrine installation: 50 customized cardboard boxes
fitted with artifacts, texts, images, etc.; each box
individually titled, dated, and captioned; one box contains miniature LCD monitor showing artist's silent
video program Bright Shadow on a continuous loop

Tate Gallery, London. Purchased 1998

Jean-Baptiste Gustave Le Gray French, 1820–1882

"Les Demoiselles du Village" at the Salon of 1852 1852

Salted paper print from paper negative

Gilman Paper Company Collection

Page 22

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: BM1467 Gray Ink color: Black

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Zoe Leonard American, born 1961

Mirror #1—Metropolitan Museum

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy the artist and Paula Cooper Gallery, New York

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Léonard de Vinci, La Vierge, l'enfant Jesus, et Sainte Anne) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited [Leonardo da Vinci, The Virgin, the Infant Jesus and Saint Anne]) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890–1941

A-D:

Design for Exhibition Room in the Hannover Museum 1926

Graphite, gouache, metallic paint, black and red ink, and typewritten labels on card

Busch-Reisinger Museum, Harvard University Art Museums. Gift of Mrs. Lydia Dorner in memory of Dr. Alexander Dorner Zoe Leonard American, born 1961

Mirror #2—Metropolitan Museum

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy the artist and Paula Cooper Gallery, New York

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Philippe de Champaigne, Le Christ Mort) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited [Philippe de Champaigne, The Dead Christ]) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

Le Louvre Revisité (Andrea Mantegna, Saint Sébastien) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited [Andrea Mantegna, Saint Sebastian]) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Ingres, La Grande Odalisque) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited [Ingres, Grand Odalisque]) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

Christian Milovanoff French, born 1948

> Le Louvre Revisité (Jacques-Louis David, Le Serment des Horaces) 1986

(The Louvre Revisited (Jacques-Louis David, The Oath of the Horatii)) Black-and-white photograph

Collection the artist

Page 23

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Claes Oldenburg American, born Sweden, 1929

Mouse Museum 1965-77

Enclosed structure of wood, corrugated aluminum, and plexiglass display cases containing 385 objects

Museum moderner Kunst Stiftung Ludwig, Vienna

Claes Oldenburg American, born Sweden, 1929

Mouse Museum 1965-77

and plexiglass display cases containing 385 objects

Museum moderner Kunst Stiftung Ludwig, Vienna

Enclosed structure of wood, corrugated aluminum,

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York. Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Charles Willson Peale American, 1741-1827

Vik Muniz

Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and

Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Modern Art) 1995

The Artist in His Museum 1822

Oil on canvas

Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, Philadelphia. Gift of Mrs. Sarah Harrison (The Joseph Harrison, Jr., Collection)

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York. Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

David Seymour American, born Poland, 1911-1956

Bernard Berenson 1955

Gelatin silver print

Collection Ben Shneiderman, Washington, D.C.

Page 24

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Vik Muniz

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Claes Oldenburg American, born Sweden, 1929

Mouse Museum 1965-77

Enclosed structure of wood, corrugated aluminum, and plexiglass display cases containing 385 objects

Museum moderner Kunst Stiftung Ludwig, Vienna

Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo

Claes Oldenburg American, born Sweden, 1929

Mouse Museum 1965-77

Enclosed structure of wood, corrugated aluminum, and plexiglass display cases containing 385 objects

Museum moderner Kunst Suftung Ludwig Vienna

Vik Muniz Brazilian, born 1961

Equivalents (Museum of Modern Art) 1995

Gelatin silver print mounted on museum board

Courtesy Brent Sikkema, New York, and Galeria Camargo Vilaça, São Paulo Charles Willson Peale American, 1741-1827

The Artist in His Museum 1822

Oil on canvas

Pennsylvania Academy of the Fine Arts, Philadelphia. Gift of Mrs. Sarah Harrison (The Joseph Harrison, Jr., Collection)

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York. Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

Dennis Oppenheim American, born 1938

Gallery Transplant 1969

(Floor specifications: Gallery #4, A. D. White Museum, Cornell University, transplanted to bird sanctuary near Ithaca, New York, Activated surface: dirt and snow)

Color photograph, black-and-white photograph, and stamped topographic map

Collection the artist

David Seymour American, born Poland, 1911-1956

Bernard Berenson 1955

Gelatin silver print

Collection Ben Shneiderman, Washington, D.C.

Page 24

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Hubert Robert French, 1733-1808

Vue Imaginaire de la Grande Galerie en ruines n.d.

Oil on canvas

Paris, Musée du Louvre, Départment des Peintures

Charles Thurston Thompson British, 1816–1868

Rock Crystal Cup, 16th Century, the Louvre, Paris c. 1855 Albumen print from wet-collodion-on-glass negative

Victoria and Albert Museum, London

Charles Thurston Thompson British, 1816–1868

Venetian Mirror, ca. 1700, from the Collection of John Webb 1853 Albumen print from wet-collodion-on-glass negative

E .

Victoria and Albert Museum, London

Stephen Thompson British, c. 1830–1893

> Satyr, British Museum c. 1869-72 Albumen silver print from glass negative

Gilman Paper Company Collection

Garry Winogrand American, 1928-1984

> Opening, Alexander Calder Exhibition, The Museum of Modern Art, New York 1969

Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Purchase

Garry Winogrand American, 1928-1984

Line Alabard

from the series Women Are Beautiful 1969 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of Mitchell Deutsch

Garry Winogrand American, 1928–1984

> Tenth Anniversary Party, Guggenheim Museum, New York 1970 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco

Garry Winogrand American, 1928–1984

> Tenth Anniversary Party, Guggenheim Museum, New York 1970

Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York, Purchase and Gift of Barbara Schwartz in memory of Eugene M. Schwartz

Garry Winogrand American, 1928–1984

> Opening, Frank Stella Exhibition, The Museum of Modern Art, New York 1970 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Fraenkel Gallery, San Francisco

Page 25

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Garry Winogrand American, 1928-1984

> Opening, Frank Stella Exhibition, The Museum of Modern Art, New York 1970 Gelatin silver print

The Mineum of Modern Art, New York: Purchase and Gift of Barbara Schwartz in memory of Eugene M. Schwartz

Barry Flanagan British, born 1941

> Bench 1966 Wood (Rowford process)

Hayward Gallery London

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

> Vitrine of Reference (II) 1970 Wood vitrine containing various objects

Courtesy Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

Barry Flanagan British, born 1941

> Bench 1966 Wood (Rowford process)

Hayward Gallery, London

American, 1928–1994

**Bench #76|77 19

Bench #76/77 1976-77 Birch plywood

Donald Judd

Courtesy PaceWildestein, New York

Donald Judd American, 1928-1994

> Bench #76/77 1976-77 Birch plywood

Courtesy PaceWildestein, New York

Joseph Cornell is well known for his hermetic, intensely private box constructions of the 1940's and 1950's. Over several decades, Cornell compiled numerous "dossiers" and portfolios about his beloved heroines of the romantic past and present—ballerinas, opera divas, and actresses—that contained clippings, prims, photographs, and accumulated bits of ephemera. Rich with elaborate poetical associations, these elements were carefully selected by Cornell for inclusion in his boxed homages. The artist's exhibition at the Hugo Gallery in New York in December 1946 was titled The Remantic Museum: Portraits of Women by Joseph Centell. For the exhibition Cornell arranged twelve boxes and portfolios about the women whose mythologies most significantly informed his imagination. Some of these works, such as The Crystal Cage (Portsul of Berenice) and Untitled (Bèbé Matie), are displayed here.

Duchamp created the "boîte-en-valise," or box in a suitcase, as a portable miniature monograph of his own work. The deluxe edition, assembled between 1935 and 1940, includes twenty-four boxes (twenty in the planned edition, four made outside of the series), each with sixty-nine reproductions and one "original." The boxes unfold to reveal various works on pull-out standing frames, diminutive Readymades, and loose prints on paper. In The Museum of Modern Art's box, the "original" is a hand-colored collotype of the upper portion of The Bride Stripped Bare by her Bachelon, Even or Large Glass (1915-23). The suitcase is modeled on a Louis Vuitton "porte-monnaie," or money bag, made expressly for gamblers, which was fitting given Duchamp's interest in gambling and game theory. A later edition of boxes was created during the 1950s and 60s and assembled by Duchamp and some of his friends. For these later boxes, several of which are exhibited here, he eliminated the suitcase, used different color fabrics for the exterior, and varied the contents

Page 2

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Paperweights 1982-99 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist and Metro Pictures, New York



Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Welcome to the Wadsworth: A Museum Tour 1991

Video, 25 minutes

Collection the artist



Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk 1989

Video, approximately 29 minutes

The Museum of Modern Art, New York

For Museum Highlights: A Gallery Talk, a performance held at the Philadelphia Museum of Art in 1989 and recorded on video, Andrea Fraser assumed the role of a museum docent, under the name Jane Castelton. She conducts a tour of museum galleries, cafeteria, and lobby, making comments that are, in fact, largely drawn from institutional publications, but here synthesized in an incongruous fashion. For Fraser, Jane Castelton personifies a non-expert volunteer from an upper-class background who possesses "the leisure and the economic and cultural capital that defines a museum's patron class."

During their seventeen-year collaboration, Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler frequently examined the forgotten or overlooked functional aspects of museum environments: public furniture, lighting fixtures, decorative plantings, anonymous hardware, and other elements sublimated in the visitor's experience. Several of the artists' sitespecific works have focused on aspects of The Museum of Modern Art, including Leaf Peeping, a collection of thirty-one glass jars containing different earthy shades of latex paint. Although the arrangement of the jars in the installation seems random, their pattern on the wall corresponds directly to the layout of the trees in the groundplan of The Museum of Modern Art's sculpture garden, and each autumnal hue mimics the color of a specific tree.

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> Benefit, The Museum of Modern Art, New York June 1977 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Larry Fink American, born 1941

> The Museum of Modern Art, New York 1975 Gelatin silver print

Collection the artist

Page 27 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Hans Haacke's Cowboy with Cigarette is based on the Picasso collage Man with a Hat (1912–13) from the collection of The Museum of Modern Art. In recreating Picasso's work, Haacke incorporates contemporary press clippings and Philip Morris company documents concerning its sponsorship of the Jesse Helms Center in Wingate, North Carolina. By combining these references at a time of growing sentiment against the tobacco industry, Haacke relates that company's support of the Museum's 1989 exhibition Picasso and Braque: Pioneering Cubism to its more overt efforts to promote tobacco-related interests.

Larry Fink American, born 1941

Benefit, The Museum of Modern

Art June 1977 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the photographer

Larry Fink American, born 1941

Benefit, The Museum of Modern

Art June 1977 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the photographer

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Guggenheim Museum 1975 Oil on Masonite

Collection Bente Hirsch

Jan Dibbets Dutch, born 1941

The Shortest Day at the van
Abbemuseum Eindhoven 1970
Color photographs mounted on aluminum

Stedelijk van Abbemuseum Eindhoven

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Museum of Modern Art 1983-84 Oil on canvas

Collection Cindy and Alan Lewin, courtesy Ronald Feldman Fine Arts, New York Jan Dibbets's altered photographs capture the encounter between light and structure—more precisely the passage of dispersive light through the structuring influence of an architectural element, frequently a window. Initially created as a slide projection, The Shortest Day at the van Abbenuseum Eindhoven consists of eight rows of ten photographs, shot at ten-minute intervals through a window of the museum, registering the winter solstice from the dimmest light of sunrise to the dark of sunset.

Page 28

EX0308 - The Muse

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Hans Haacke's Cowboy with Cigarette is based on the Picasso collage Man with a Hat (1912–13) from the collection of The Museum of Modern Art. In recreating Picasso's work, Haacke incorporates contemporary press clippings and Philip Morris company documents concerning its sponsorship of the Jesse Helms Center in Wingate, North Carolina. By combining these references at a time of growing sentiment against the tobacco industry, Haacke relates that company's support of the Museum's 1989 exhibition Picasso and Braque: Pioneering Cubism to its more overt efforts to promote tobacco-related interests.

Larry Fink American, born 1941

Gelatin silver print

Benefit, The Museum of Modern Art June 1977

The Museum of Modern Art, New York, Gift of the photographer

Larry Fink American, born 1941

Benefit, The Museum of Modern Art June 1977 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the photographer

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Guggenheim Museum 1975 Oil on Masonite

Collection Bente Hirsch

Jan Dibbets Dutch, born 1941

The Shortest Day at the van
Abbemuseum Eindhoven 1970
Color photographs mounted on aluminum

Stedelijk van Abbemuseum Eindhoven

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Museum of Modern Art 1983-84 Oil on canvas

Collection Cindy and Alan Lewin, courtesy Ronald Feldman Fine Arts, New York Jan Dibbets's altered photographs capture the encounter between light and structure—more precisely the passage of dispersive light through the structuring influence of an architectural element, frequently a window. Initially created as a slide projection, The Shortest Day at the van Abbenuseum Eindhoven consists of eight rows of ten photographs, shot at ten-minute intervals through a window of the museum, registering the winter solstice from the dimmest light of sunrise to the dark of sunset.

Page 28

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Janet Cardiff Canadian, born 1957

MoMA Walk 1999

Audio CD and compact disc player, approximately 16 minutes

Courtesy the artist

While most recorded museum tours seek to instruct the public and complement the artworks with a didactic experience, Cardiff uses the acoustic guided tour as the actual medium of art. Awareness and sensation are heightened, influenced and informed by the words, music, and sound effects that Cardiff mixes into the recording, and the visitor's perception of the surrounding "artistic" space is altered. In a new work created for *The Museum as Muse: Artists Reflect* Cardiff presents a tour through The Museum of Modern Art.



Eve Arnold American, born 1913

Untitled (Edward Steichen and Friend at The Museum of Modern Art)

1960

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Eve Arnold/Magnum



Page 29

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series.Folder:

1828.499

Duchamp created the rectified Readymade L.H.O.O.Q. by drawing a moustache, goatee, and bawdy pun on an ordinary reproduction of the Mona Lisa. The letters L-H-O-O-Q, when pronounced rapidly in French, fuse together to form the words "elle a chaud au cul" or "she's got a hot ass." He later made a second, larger version and, in 1965, created a related work, L.H.O.O.Q. Rasée (L.H.O.O.Q. Shaved), an edition of about one hundred playing cards with an unaltered reproduction of the Mona Lisa, sans facial hair. These were used for invitations to the preview of an exhibition at a New York gallery.

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

> Angola to Vietnam* 1989 Portfolio of 27 photographs (10 shown) Gelatin silver prints

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles



THE MUSEUM AS MUSE Artists Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499





Andrea Fraser American, born 1965

> Welcome to the Wadsworth: A Museum Tour 1991

Video, 25 minutes

Collection the artist

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. Series. Folder: 1828.499

THE MUSEUM AS MUSE Artists Reflect

Claes Oldenburg American, born Sweden, 1929

Mouse Museum 1965-77

Enclosed structure of wood, corrugated aluminum, and plexiglass display cases containing 385 objects

Museum moderner Kunst Stiftung Ludwig, Vienna



The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

THE MUSEUM AS MUSE

General Idea

The Boutique from the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion 1980

Galvanized metal and plexiglass, containing various General Idea multiples, prints, posters, and publications

Collection Art Gallery of Ontario, Toronto. Gift of Sandra Simpson, 1998

Between 1971 and 1987, General Idea built a complex mythology in order to internalize, as well as comment upon, the art world. The Boutique was part of this series of projects, conceived for the 1984 Miss General Idea Pavillion, a decentralized structure consisting of various installations dispersed around the world, forming an autonomous "museum" unrelated to its host sites. Shaped as a dollar-sign, the Boutique functions as a museum shop within the exhibition space, blurring the lines between art and commerce, offering a selection of General Idea's publications and multiples "for sale." Earlier installations of the Boutique featured an actual sales person, heightening the sense of its functional and locational impropriety.



	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Marcel Broodthaers Belgian, 1924-1976

> Musée d'Art Moderne, Département des Aigles, Section Financière 1970-1971 (Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Financial Section) Gold bur ramped with an cagle

Courses Galerie Beaumone, Luxembeurg

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series B, begun Paris, 1941, and continued New York, 1942–34) Box containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 stems)

Collecture Rosses Van de Velde Answerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series E. Paris, 1963) Box covered in dark green imitation leather and lined in light green Ingres paper containing ministure replica and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 term)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

Boîte-en-valise (de ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy) 1935-41 Leather valise containing miniature replicas,

Leather value containing miniature replicas, photographs, and color reproductions of works by Duchamp, and one "original". Large Glass, collotype on celluloid (69 sterm), IX/XX from Deluxe Edition

The Moseum of Modern Art, New York, James Thrall Soby Fund

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series C, Paris, 1958) Box covered in natural linen and lined with gray-blue lngres paper containing miniature replicar and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 nems)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Answerp, Belgium

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Klee "Hafen mit Segelschiffen" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Andersch, Neurs, Germany

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series D. Paris, 1961)
Box covered in light green linen and lined in light green larges paper containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

Collection Ronny Vin de Velde, Answerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series C, Paris, 1958)

Box covered in natural linen and lined with gray-blue lingres paper containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of Philip Johnson

Herbert Distel Swus, born 1942

Museum of Drawers 1970-77

Chest of drawers containing miniature works by

Kumsham Zürich. Donation of Herbert Dutel and The Foundation Julius Bir

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series F, Paris, 1966)
Box covered in red leather and lined in red
linen containing miniature replicas and color
reproductions of works by Duchamp (80 items)

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of the artist

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series G, Paris, 1968) Box covered in green leather and lined in green linen containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (80 items)

Collection Russay Van de Velde, Answerp, Belgistin

Between 1970 and 1977, Herbert Distel amassed a collection of miniature art works by 500 invited artists, including Joseph Albers, Joseph Beuys, Marcel Broodthaers, Christo, Richard Long, Pablo Picasso, Robert Smithson, and Andy Warhol. Assuming the role of museum curator, Distel installed each contribution within the drawers of a tailor's spool storage cabinet. Unlike George Maciunas's Flux Cabinet, Distel conceived his Museum of Deasers not as an anthology of a single creative movement, but as a comprehensive survey of recent artistic currents, designating it "the smallest museum of modern art in the 20th century"

Page 1

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: WHITE

Gallery: VITRINE

Collection:	Series.Folder:
MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Cimabue "La Vierge aux Anges" 1977 Cardbourd bes with cloth duster and Polamid

Collinson Andersch, Neues, Germany

Susan Hiller American, born 1942

From The Freud Museum 1991-96 Virine installation so entromized cardboard boxes friend with artifaction, texts, insuger, etc.; each box individually titled, diated, and captioned; one box contains ministere LCD monitor showing artist's alent video program Bright Shadow on a commons loop

Tice Gallery, London, Porchand 1998

Susan Hiller's From the Frond Museum focuses on "unspoken, unreconfed, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relict, and taliuman—which are presented as precious objects in miseum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of hippage—psychuc, ethnic, sexual, and political duturbances." The tide in derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London. Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Frans Hals "La Bohémienne" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Andersch, Neurs, Germany

Robert Filliou French, 1926-198?

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet de Da Vinci "La Sainte Anne" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polarosd

Collection Feelisch, Remocheid, Germany

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Fra Angelico "La Couronnement de la vierge" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroud

Collection Feelingh, Remachesid, Germany

Susan Hiller American, born 1942

From The Freud Museum 1991–96
Virtne intallation: 50 customized cardboard bases
fitted with artifacts, rest, images, etc.; each box
individually itsled, dated, and captioned, one box contains immature LCD monitor showing artiful silent
video program. Bright Misdew on a continuous loop

Tay Gallery London Purchated 1905

Fluxus (International collective, founded 1962)

Flux Cabinet 1975-77 (Fluxus Edinon, designed and assembled by George Maciuma 1977) Wood cabinet with 20 drawers containing objects by different artists

The Gilbert and Lila Silverman Fluxon Collection Foundation,

Robert Filliou French, 1926–1987 Poussière d

Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Otto Dix "Portrait de journaliste Sylvia Von Haden" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Feelinds, Remichael, Germany

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Misesum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, sexual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London.

Designed and assembled by Fluxus founder George Maciunas, the Flux Cabinet represents the culmination of a sixteen-year effort to collect. anthologize, and promulgate the creative output of this eclectic international art collective during the 1960s and 1970s. The art of Fluxus reveled in encyclopedic accumulation and favored collections of works that provide their own venues of display. The Flux Cabinet manifests this tendency, serving as a miniature Fluxus museum for works by fourteen different Fluxus artists, including George Brecht, Robert Watts, Ben Vautier, and Claes Oldenburg. In arranging the diminutive displays, some whimsical, others threatening or emigmatic, Maciunas took on a curatorial role, organizing and "pigeonholing" his roster of artists, assembling a mini-"Fluxshow," drawer by drawer.

The seven objects shown here are the residual evidence of a series of playful acts committed by Robert Fillion in 1977. At the Louvre and the Musée d'Art Moderne de la Ville de Paris, Filliou surreptitiously approached paintings and sculptures, old and modern masterpieces alike, and cleaned them. These actions were photographed, and the snapshots, dust-rags, and precious particles of dust from each cleaning were placed with mock solemnity in their own archival boxes. Filliou's performative gestures embody an ironic artistic exchange; removing from the aging objects a coating of dust, while creating a new piece with the resulting accumulation. The title of the series, Poussière de poussière (Dust to Dust), with its familiar funereal tones, underscores the ultimate immateriality of the work of art.

Page 2 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: WHITE

Gallery: VITRINE

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Lipchitz "Figure" 1977 Candboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collinators Feelerch, Remachead, Germany

Joseph Cornell American, 1901–1972

A Swan Lake for Tamara Tournanova (Homage to the Romantic Ballet) 1946 Box construction: painted wood, glass parie, photostas on wood, blue glass, mirrors, painted paperboard, feathers, velvet, and thinestones

The Mend Collecton, Houseon, Gift of Alexander Jolan

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

L'Égypte de Mile. Cléo de Mérode Cours Élementaire d'Histoire Naturelle 1940 (The Egypt of Miss Cléo de Mérode Elementary Course in Natural History)

Collection Robert Lehrman, Washington, D.C.

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

The Crystal Cage (Portrait of Berenice) 1943

Hinged box containing photographs, collages, and assorted ephemera

Collection Richard L. Feigen, New York

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> Taglioni's Jewel Casket 1940 Wood box containing glass ice cubes, jewelry, etc.

The Mousin of Modern Art, New York: Gill of James Thrall Soby

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

Romantic Museum 1949-50 Wooden box containing 12 glasses in velvet-lined interior

Collection Mr. and Mrs. Gene Locks

Susan Hiller's From the Freud Museum focuses on "unspoken, unrecorded, unexplained, and overlooked" material—personal mementos, private relics, and talismans—which are presented as precious objects in museum-style conservation boxes. She writes of the work: "On one level, my vitrine installation is a collection of things evoking cultural and historical points of slippage—psychic, ethnic, exual, and political disturbances." The title is derived from an earlier version of the work created for the Freud Museum in London. Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

Untitled (Bébé Marie) early 19405
Papered and painted wood box, with painted
corrugated cardboard floor, contaming doll in cloth
dress and straw hat with cloth flowers, dried flowers,
and twigs, flecked with paint

The Mineum of Modern Art, New York. Acquired through the Lillie P Blim Bequest

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> Tilly Losch c. 1935 Box construction

Collection Robert Lehrman, Washington, D.C.

Susan Hiller American, born 1942

From The Freud Museum 1991–96
Virine installation; 90 customared cardboard boxes
fitted with artifact, text, image; etc; each box
individually uted, dated, and captioned; one box concums minuture LCD monitor showing artist's alent
video program Bright Shadaw on a continuous loop

Tate Gallery, London. Parchased 1998

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

Taglioni's Jewel Casket 1940
Wood box containing glass ice cubes, jewelry, etc.

The Maneum of Modern Art, New York, Gift of James Theill Soby

Untitled (Bébé Marie) carly 19406
Papered and painted wood box, with painted corrugated cardboard floor, contaming doll in cloth dress and straw hat with cloth flowers, dried flowers, and twigs, flecked with paint

The Moneum of Modern Art, New York. Acquired through the Lillie P Blos Bequest

The Crystal Cage (Portrait of Berenice) 1943 Hinged box containing photographs, collages, and assorted ephemera

Collection Rathard L. Fragos, New York

A Swan Lake for Tamara Tournanova (Homage to the Romantic Ballet) 1946 Box construction: painted wood, glass pane, photostas on wood, blue glass, mirrors, painted paperboard, feathers, velver, and thinestones

The Menil Collection, Houseon, Gelt of Alexandre Iolan

Romantic Museum 1949-50 Wooden box containing 12 glasses in velvet-lined interior

Collection Mr. and Mrs. Gene Locks

Tilly Losch c. 1935 Box construction

Collection Robert Lehrman, Washington, D.C.

L'Égypte de Mile. Cléo de Mérode Cours Élementaire d'Histoire Naturelle 1940

(The Egypt of Miss Cléo de Mérode Elementary Course in Natural History)

Collection Robert Lahrman, Washington, D.C.

Page 3
EX0308 -The Museum
as Muse Artist Reflect

Gray AND White Wall color:

Ink color:
Gallery: VITRINE

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Thomas Struth German, born 1954

> Musée du Louvre IV, Paris 1989 Cibachrome print

> Marieliuse Hessel Collection, on permanent loan to the Center for Curatorial Studies, Bard College, Annandale-on-Hudion, New York

Thomas Struth German, born 1954

> Galleria dell'Accademia I, Venice 1992 C-print laminated to plexiglass

Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, Robert L. Beal, Enid L. and Bruce A. Beal Acquisition Fund and the Contemporary Art Support Group Fund Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

> Hyena, Jackal, Vulture 1976 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Thomas Struth German, born 1954

> Museum of Modern Art I, New York 1994 Cibachrome print

Private collection

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

> Still Life 1976 Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Purchase

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

White Mantled Colobus 1980

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

> Permian Land 1992 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

> Silurian Period 1992 Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

> Ostrich—Wart Hog 1980 Gelatin silver print

> Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Page 2

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

Devonian Period 1992

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Jeff Wall Canadian, born 1946

Restoration 1993

Cibachrome transparency in display case illuminated with multiple fluorescent light fixtures

Kunstmuseum Luzern. Purchased with contributions by the canton and town of Luzern, in commemoration of the 175th anniversary of the Art Society Luzern, 1994

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Angola 1989

Blaschka Model 439, 1894 Gemis no. 5091 Family, Sterculiacce Cola acuminata (Beaue) Schott and Endl Cola Nut, Goora Nut Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Hiroshi Sugimoto Japanese, born 1948

Manatee 1994

Gelatin silver print

Courtesy Sonnabend Gallery, New York

Jeff Wall Canadian, born 1946

Restoration 1993

Cibachrome transparency in display case illuminated with multiple fluorescent light fixtures

Kunstmuseum Luzern. Purchased with contributions by the canton and town of Luzern, in commemoration of the 175th anniversary of the Art Society Luzern, 1994

Christopher Williams

American, born 1956

Central African Republic 1989

Blaschka Model 783, 1923 Genus no. 5112 Family, Ochnaceæ Ochna multiflora DC. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paro Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Bolivia 1989

Blaschka Model 268, 1892 Genus no. 5397 Family, Begoniaceæ Begonia boliviensis A.DC. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Chile 1989

Blanchka Model 180, 1890 Genus no. 7474 Family, Scrophulariaceæ Calcolaris sabiosaefolia Roem and Schult. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Argentina 1989

Blaschka Model 289, 1892 Genus no. 7438 Family, Solanaceæ Nicrembergia gracilis Hook. Nicrembergia orlycina Hook Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles. The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Page 3

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Dominican Republic 1989

Blaschka Model 601, 1896 Genus no. 4493 Family, Euphorbiacow Husa creptana Linn. Sandbox tree

Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Haiti 1989 Blaschia Model 601, 1896 Genus no. 4493 Family, Euphorbiaceæ Hune creptum. Lim. Sandbox tree Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Colombia 1989 Blaschka Model 138, 1890 Genus no. 8642 Family, Cucurbitaceæ Cyclanthera pedata Schrad.

Pepino de Comer Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Guatemala 1989

Blaschka Model 227, 1891 Genus no. 1660 Family, Orchitaceæ Lyaste Sjønneri (Batem.) Lindl. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Honduras 1989

Blaschka Model 469, 1894 Genus no. 4155 Family, Meliaceæ Cedrela odorata Linn. West Indian Cedar, Januaca Cedar, Spanish Cedar Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Brazil 1989
Blaschka Model 104, 1889
Genus no. 3870
Family, Leguminosse
Erythrina Crista-galli Linn.
Coral-tree, Coral-plant Cockscomb
Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Att

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

El Salvador 1989

Blaschka Model 639, 1898 Genus no. 7158 Family, Verbenaceæ Petrer vylnbilis Jacq. Purple Wreath Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles. The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Uruguay 1989 Blaschka Model 175, 1890 Genus no. 7447 Family, Solanaceæ Browallia viscosa HBK Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Ethiopia 1989 Blaschka Model 478, 1894 Genus no. 8381 Family, Rubiaceæ Coffea analica Linn. Coffee, "Coffa" Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Page 4

EX030B - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Christopher Williams American, born 1936

> Nicaragua 1989 Blaschka Model 424, 1894 Genss no. 4546 Family, Anacardiacex Anacardiam occidentale Linn-Cashew Acayou Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

South Africa 1989

Blaschka Model 95, 1889 Genus no. 3164 Family, Crassulaceæ Cotyledon orbiculata Linn. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Indonesia 1989 Blaschka Model 693, 1903 Genus no. 1318 Family, Musaceæ Musa pandiristar Linn. subsp.sapientum (Linn.) Ktze. Banana

Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Namibia 1989 Blaschka Model 95, 1889 Genus no. 3164 Family, Crassulacea Cotyledon orbiculata Linn. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Vietnam 1989 Blaschka Model 272, 1892 Genus no. 8594 Family, Cucurbitaceæ Luffa cylindrica (Lurn.), Roem. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Lebanon 1989
Blaschka Model 770, 1906
Genus no. 1961
Family, Moraceæ
Fiors Carica Linn.
The Fig
Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Sri Lanka 1989 Blaschka Model 694, 1903 Genus no. 1318 Family, Musaceæ Musa rotacea Jacq. Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

> Mexico 1989 Blaschia Model 160, 1890 Genus no. 9228 Family, Compositæ Dahlia pinnata Cav. Dahlia urriabilis (Willd.) Desf. Dahlia Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles. The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for Calafornia Art Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Paraguay 1989
Blaschka Model 494, 1894
Genus no. 663d
Family, Palmae
Arcastrom Romanzoffianium (Cham.) Becc.
cocco australe (Mart.) Becc.
cocco australis Mart.
Pindo Palap
Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles. The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art Page 5

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 4 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Peru 1989 Blaschka Model 180, 1890 Genus no. 7474 Family, Scrophulariaceæ Calcolaris scabiosacfolia Roem and Schult.

Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 7 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Fred Wilson American, born 1954

> Art in Our Time 1998 Wall installation of black-and-white photographs

Collection the artist and Metro Pictures, New York

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

> Vitrine of Reference (II) 1970 Wood vitrine containing various objects

Courtesy Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

Daniel Buren French, born 1938

> To Displace, To Place, To Replace (work in situ) 1975-99

Sheet rock, wood, screws, nails, tape, wall paint, four paintings by Giorgio de Chirico, plastic lettering, and labels

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: WHITE Ink color: Black

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Jac Leirner Brazilian, born 1961

> Names (Museums) 1989–92 Plastic bags, polyester foam, and buckram

Collection The Bohen Foundation

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 2 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavan Gallery, Los Angeles

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Philippines 1989

Blaschka Model 387, 1893 Genus no. 5020 Family, Malvacce Gossypium herbaceum Linn. Gessypium Nanking Meyen Nanking Cotton Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.
The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 1 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 5 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 3 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Sherrie Levine American, born 1947

> After van Gogh: 6 1994 Black-and-white photograph

Courtesy Margo Leavin Gallery, Los Angeles

Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Togo 1989
Blaschka Model 439, 1894Genus no. 5091
Family, Sterculiaceæ
Cola avaninataa (Beaux.) Schott and Endl.
Cola Nut, Goora Nut
Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art Christopher Williams American, born 1956

Uganda 1989 Blaschka Model 482, 1894 Genus no. 3892 Family, Leguminose Cajami Cajam (Lum.) Druce Cajama indicas Spreng. Pigeon Pea Gelatin silver print

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

The El Paso Natural Gas Company Fund for California Art

Page 7

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Cimabue "La Vierge aux Anges" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Andersch, Neuss, Germany

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Lipchitz "Figure" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Feelisch, Remicheid, Germany

Art & Language (Michael Baldwin, British, born 1945; Mel Ramsden, British, born 1944)

Index: Incident in a Museum XV 1986
Oil and alogram on canvas

Fonds National d'Art Contemporain, Ministère de la culture et de la communication, Paris

Art & Language (Michael Baldwin, British, born 1945; Mel Ramsden, British, born 1944)

Index: Incident in a Museum XXI 1987
Oil and photograph on canvas mounted on plywood

Courtesy Lisson Gallery, London

Barbara Bloom American, born 1951

The Reign of Narcissism 1988-89

Mixed-medium installation

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

Purchased with funds provided by The Frederick R. Weisman

Art Foundation, Los Angeles

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Fra Angelico "La Couronnement de la vierge" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Feelisch, Remscheid, Germany

Barbara Bloom American, born 1951

The Reign of Narcissism 1988–89
Mixed-medium installation

The Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles.

Purchased with funds provided by The Frederick R. Weisman

Art Foundation, Los Angeles

Lothar Baumgarten German, born 1944

> Unsettled Objects 1968-69 Series of slide projections

Courtesy Marian Goodman Gallery, New York

Christian Boltanski French, born 1944

Archives 1987

402 black-and-white photographs under glass, 6 metal screens, assembled in groups of 2, and electric lamps

Collection Ydessa Hendeles, courtesy Ydessa Hendeles Art Foundation, Toronto

Page 8

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Sophie Calle French, born 1953

> Last Seen... (Vermeer, The Concert) 1991 Ektachrome print and text

Collection The Bohen Foundation, New York

Sophie Calle French, born 1953

> Last Seen... (Rembrandt, A Lady and a Gentleman in Black) 1991 Ektachrome print and text

> Courtesy the artist and Luhring Augustine, New York

Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler American, 1955–1995; American, born 1956

Leaf Peeping 1988
Thirty-one sandblasted jars filled with latex paint, metal shelves

Museum of Contemporary Art, San Diego. Museum Purchase, Contemporary Collectors Fund

Sophie Calle French, born 1953

> Last Seen... (Manet, Chez Tortoni) 1991 Ektachrome print and text

Collection the artist

Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler American, 1955–1995; American, born 1956

Leaf Peeping 1988

Thirty-one sandblasted jars filled with latex paint, metal shelves

Museum of Contemporary Art, San Diego. Museum Purchase, Contemporary Collectors Fund Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Klee "Hafen mit Segelschiffen" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Andersch, Neuss, Germany

Sophie Calle French, born 1953

> Last Seen... (Rembrandt, The Storm in the Sea of Galilee) 1991 Ektachrome print and text

Courtesy the artist and Luhring Augustine, New York

Kate Ericson and Mel Ziegler American, 1955–1995; American, born 1956

MoMA Whites 1990

Various white pigments in glass jars, steel shelf

Private collection, Basel

Christo American, born Bulgaria 1935

> The Museum of Modern Art Wrapped: Project for New York 1968

Scale model: painted wood, cloth, twine, and polyethylene

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of D. and J. de Memi

Page 9

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Jan Dibbets Dutch, born 1941

> The Shortest Day at the van Abbemuseum Eindhoven 1970 Color photographs mounted on aluminum

Stedelijk van Abbemisseum Eindhoven

Jan Dibbets Dutch, born 1941

Guggenheim I 1986

Color photographs, watercolor, and grease pencil on paper, mounted on laminated particle-board

Private collection, Amsterdam

Daniel Buren French, born 1938

> To Displace, To Place, To Replace (work in situ) 1975-99

Sheet rock, wood, screws, nails, tape, wall paint, four paintings by Giorgio de Chirico, plastic lettering, and labels

Christo

American, born Bulgaria, 1935

441 Barrels Structure—The Wall (Project for 53rd Street between Fifth and Sixth Avenues) 1968

Photomontage and enamel paint on cardboard

The Museum of Modern Art, New York, Gift of Louise Ferrari

Jan Dibbets Dutch, born 1941

> Kröller-Müller—Saenredam II 1987 Two color photographs and pencil on paper, mounted on chipboard

Collection the artist

Marcel Broodthaers Belgian, 1924–1976

Musée d'Art Moderne, Département des Aigles, Section Financière 1970-1971

(Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Financial Section)

Book cover for Cologne Art Fair catalogue, 1971

Courtesy Michael Werner Gallery, New York and Cologne

Christo American, born Bulgaria, 1935

The Museum of Modern Art Wrapped (Front): Project for New York 1971

From the portfolio (Some) Not Realized Projects, April 9 and September 27, 1971. Lithograph printed in color

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Larry Aldrich and Walter Bareus Funds Christo American, born Bulgaria, 1935

The Museum of Modern Art Wrapped (Rear): Project for New York 1971

From the portfolio (Some) Not Realized Projects, April 9 and July 19, 1971. Lithograph printed in color with photograph collage

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Larry Aldrich and Walter Bareass Funds Marcel Broodthaers Belgian, 1924-1976

Musée d'Art Moderne, Département des Aigles, Section Financière 1970–1971

(Museum of Modern Art, Department of Eagles, Financial Section) Gold bar stamped with an eagle

Courtesy Galérie Beaumont, Luxembourg

Page 1

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Frans Hals "La Bohémienne" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Andersch, Neuss, Germany

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet Otto Dix "Portrait de journaliste Sylvia Von Haden" 1977

Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Feelisch, Remscheid, Germany

Richard Hamilton British, born 1922

The Solomon R. Guggenheim (Spectrum) 1965–66
Fiberglass and cellulose

Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, New York

Robert Filliou French, 1926-1987

> Poussière de Poussière de l'effet de Da Vinci "La Sainte Anne" 1977 Cardboard box with cloth duster and Polaroid

Collection Feelisch, Remscheid, Germany

Richard Hamilton British, born 1922

> The Solomon R. Guggenheim (Gold) 1965–66 Fiberglass, cellulose, and gold leaf

Louisiana Museum of Modern Art, Humleback, Denmark

Richard Hamilton British, born 1922

> The Solomon R. Guggenheim (Black and White) 1965–66 Fiberglass and cellulose

Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, New York

Richard Hamilton British, born 1922

> Solomon R. Guggenheim (Black) 1965–66 Fiberglass and cellulose

Solomon R. Guggenheim Museum, New York

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Guggenheim Museum 1975 Oil on Masonite

Collection Bente Hirsch

Komar and Melamid (Vitaly Komar, American, born Russia 1943 Alexander Melamid, American, born Russia 1945)

Scenes from the Future: The Museum of Modern Art 1983-84 Oil on canvas

Collection Cindy and Alan Lewin, courtesy Ronald Feldman Fine Arts, New York

Page 11
EX0308 - The Museum
as Muse: Artist Reflect

	Collection:	Series.Folder:
The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Happy New Year) 1991/1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Wheel) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Oslo) 1993/1995 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Parrot) 1982/1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Garden) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Dreams) 1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Eye Contact) 1998/1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Rose Stem) 1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Reception Area) 1982/1983 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Page 12 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Brancusi) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Painting and Sculpture 1994/1999 C-print

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Conservation 1991

Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Paint, or Painted in 19[?] and 19[?]

1998/1999 Two C-prints

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Produced in 1988, Purchased in 1989: Produced in 1989, Purchased in 1993

Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

March 25, 1991 1991

Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Photos by Hans Namuth Installed at The Museum of Modern Art, NYC 1999

Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Federal Offense 1997/1999

C-print

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Attachments) 1993

Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Page 13

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wall color: WHITE Ink color: Black

Series.Folder: Collection: The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY MoMA Exhs. 1828.499

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Brancusi) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Painting and Sculpture 1994/1999 C-peint

Collection the artist.

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Conservation 1991 Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Oslo) 1993/1995 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist.

Louise Lawler

Paint, or Painted in 19[?] and 19[?] Two C-prints

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Photos by Hans Namuth Installed at Cibachrome

Collection the actist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Produced in 1988, Purchased in 1989: Produced in 1989, Purchased in 1993

Cibachrome Collection the artist Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> March 25, 1991 1991 Cibachrome

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Dreams) 1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

The Museum of Modern Art, NYC 1999

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Federal Offense 1997/1999

C-print

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Attachments) 1991 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Reception Area) 1982/1983 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist.

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Wheel) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Garden) 1999 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Happy New Year) 1991/1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

> Untitled (Parrot) 1982/1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the armit

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890-1941

Kabinett der Abstrakten (Interior View)

1927-28 Photograph

Sprengel Mineum, Hannover

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890-1941

Sketch for the Kabinett der Abstrakten

Watercolor on paper (photographic reproduction)

Sprengel Museum, Hannover

El Lissitzky Russian, 1890–1941

Kabinett der Abstrakten (Interior View)

1927–28 Photograph

Sprengel Museum, Hannover

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Rose Stem) 1993 Crystal, Cibachrome, and felt

Collection the artist

Louise Lawler American, born 1947

Untitled (Eye Contact) 1998/1999 Crystal, Gibachrome, and felt

and the second second

Vito Acconci

Proximity Piece 1970

Performance

Created for the exhibition Software at The Jewish Museum, New York, September 16-November 8, 1970

Standing near a person and intruding on his/her personal space.

During the exhibition, sometime each day, I wander through the museum and pick out, at random, a visitor to one of the exhibits: I'm standing beside that person, or behind, closer than the accustomed distance. I crowd the person until he/she moves away, or until he/she moves me out of the way.

(Attached to the wall, in the midst of the other exhibits, a 3 x 5" index card notes the activity and describes it as above; the card might or might not be noticed by a viewer passing by.)

-Vito Acconci

Vito Acconci

Service Area 1970

Performance and installation: table, clear plexiglass container, and wall text

Created for the exhibition Information at The Museum of Modern Art, New York, July 2-September 20, 1970

During the Information exhibition, my mail is forwarded by the post office to the Museum. My space in the show functions as my mailbox: an open plastic box is fixed to the top of a table. When my mail is delivered to the Museum, the Museum staff deposits it in my mailbox.

Whenever I want my mail, whenever I need my mail, I go to the Museum to get it. (On a calendar attached to the wall, above the table, I mark off the dates and times of pick-up.)

-Vito Acconci

Page 15

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Herbert Distel Swiss, born 1942

Museum of Drawers 1970-77

Chest of drawers containing miniature works by various artists

Kunsthau Zürich, Donation of Herbert Distel and The Foundation Julius Bar

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series G. Paris, 1968)

Box covered in green leather and lined in green linen containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (80 items)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series C. Paris, 1948)

Box covered in natural linen and lined with gray-blue Ingres paper containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Gift of Philip Johnson

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887-1968

L.H.O.O.Q.|RASÉE 1965 (L.H.O.O.Q.|SHAVED)

Playing card pasted on folded paper

The Museum of Modern Art, New York: Gift of Philip Johnson

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boite series C, Paris, 1958)

Box covered in natural linen and lined with gray-blue Ingres paper containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgrum

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

Marcel Duchamp

Private collection

L.H.O.O.Q. 1919

American, born France, 1887-1968

Photographic reproduction and pencil

De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series B, begun Paris, 1941, and continued New York, 1942–54) Box containing miniature replicas and color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgium

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

Boîte-en-valise (de ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy) 1935-41

Leather valise containing miniature replicas, photographs, and color reproductions of works by Duchamp, and one "original": Large Glass, collotype on celluloid (69 items); IX/XX from Deluxe Edition

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. James Thrall Soby Fund

Marcel Duchamp American, born France, 1887–1968

> De ou par Marcel Duchamp ou Rrose Sélavy

(Boîte series D, Paris, 1961)
Box covered in light green linen and lined in light
green Ingres paper containing miniature replicas and
color reproductions of works by Duchamp (68 items)

Collection Ronny Van de Velde, Antwerp, Belgium

Page 16

EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

The Museum of Modern Art Archives, NY	Collection:	Series.Folder:
	MoMA Exhs.	1828.499

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> Tilly Losch c. 1935 Box construction

Collection Robert Lehrman, Washington, D.C.

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> Taglioni's Jewel Casket 1940 Wood box containing glass ice cubes, jewelry, etc.

The Museum of Modern Art, New York: Gift of James Thrall Soby

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> L'Égypte de Mlle. Cléo de Mérode Cours Élementaire d'Histoire Naturelle 1940

(The Egypt of Miss Cléo de Mérode Elementary Course in Natural History) Box construction

Collection Robert Lehrman, Washington, D.C.

Eve Arnold American, born 1913

> Untitled (On Guard at the Matisse Section of the Hermitage, Leningrad)

1966

Cibachrome

Courtesy Eve Arnold/Magmin

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

The Crystal Cage (Portrait of Berenice) 1943

Hinged box containing photographs, collages, and assorted ephemera

Collection Richard L. Feigen, New York

Joseph Cornell American, 1903–1972

Mark Dion

American, born 1961

The Great Chain of Being 1998

Wood cabinets, artifacts, botanical and zoological

Collection the artist and American Fine Arts, Co., New York

specimens, objets d'art, glassware, books, rocks, minerals, fungi, and various bones

A Swan Lake for Tamara Toumanova (Homage to the Romantic Ballet) 1946

Box construction: painted wood, glass pane, photostats on wood, blue glass, mirrors, painted paperboard, feathers, velvet, and thinestones

The Menil Collection, Houston, Gift of Alexander Iolas

Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

Untitled (Bébé Marie) early 1940s

Papered and painted wood box, with painted corrugated cardboard floor, containing doll in cloth dress and straw hat with cloth flowers, dried flowers, and twigs, flecked with paint

The Museum of Modern Art, New York. Acquired through the Lillie P. Bliss Bequest Joseph Cornell American, 1903-1972

> Romantic Museum 1949–50 Wooden box containing 12 glasses in velvet-lined interior

Collection Mr. and Mrs. Gene Locks

Page 17 EX0308 - The Museum as Muse: Artist Reflect

Wali color: 8M1467 Gray Ink color: Black