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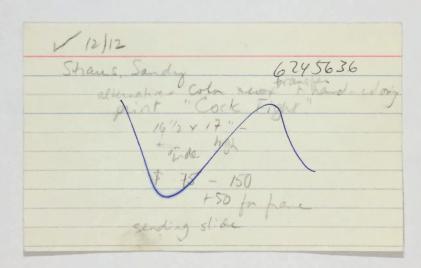
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BERLIND, Robert Group Matrice Polaroid

215 W. 20th St. NYC 10011:

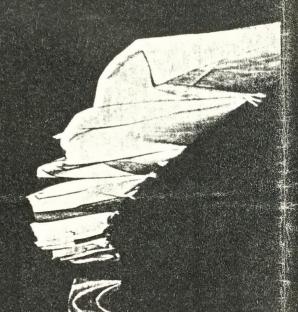
Untitled, 1983, 32 x 18", oil on canvas \$1000-1600

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Heléne aylon



HISTORY OF THE PILLOW-CASES/RECENT PAST

1. TERRESTRI: RESCUED EARTH

The first pillowcases were used to gather earth from Strategic Air Command (SAC) bases and were brought, full of this earth, to the United Nations in New York on June 12, 1982 for the mass demonstration for disarmament. The metaphor here is to "rescue" the earth from the military and to bring it hopefully to safety: the pillowcase 'sac' (survive and continue) is an alternative to the SAC of the military. On July 4, these emptied cases were hung up at the U.N. - a giant new kind of women's "wash", from 1-2 Avenue along 47 St. May 2-July 4.

2. SOMNILOQUY: PILLOWCASE EXCHANGE

On the week that Brezhnev died, twenty-two American women visited the USSR and exchanged pillowcases there indicating that we will sleep on each other's dreams, for they are the same. Nov 82.

3. Pillowcase deLIVEry: Seneca Falls--June 21-Jul 4--U.N.

For 14 days and nights, women lived and slept on the sidewalks of N.Y.C. under all these US & USSR pillow-cases (which were hung at the U.N. on clotheslines, and collected new pillowcases for Seneca from international passersby. The pillowcases were taken down on July 4th, the opening day of the Seneca Women's Encampment for a Future of Peace and Justice.

4. a) PILLOWCASE RAISING: Sept 4, 1983

Perhaps one answer to Flag Raising, 800 pillowcases covered both sides of the maingate the last day of Seneca.

b) Pillowcase Raising: Nov 9, 1983

Again, the pillowcases covered 2 miles of the depot, in honor of the Greenham Nomen's Court Case (in NYC) against this Govt's deployment of cruise missiles from the Seneca Army depot to our Greenham Common Army base in England. An audio tape by a Greenham woman was played over and over again on a loud speaker on this day.

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ARTISTS CALL: JANUARY 16, 1984

Since we all do not sleep so well these days, you will be handed a pillowcase at the top of the passageway on which you may write your nightmare of war or your dream for peace sometime tonight.

You may deposit your pillowcase in the laundry basket you will find at the bottom of the passageway as you exit. The pillowcases will be sent to Nicaragua so that the Nicaraguan peoples can dream on our collective dreams

These pillowcases will be brought by a friend in Nicaragua to the A.M.N.-L.A.E., the association of women of Nicaragua (A.M.N.)--named after Louisa Amanda Espinoza, one of the many Nicaraguan women martyrs in the early 70 s.

If you wish to send your very own pillowcase, please mail it to:

Helene Aylon
463 West St (808A)

NY NY 10014

I wish to thank the following women who have given their time and creative energies to produce PILLOWCASE PASSAGEWAY:
US/TO NICARAGUA: Sandi Miller, artist, U.S.
Suzanne Firtko, architect, U.S.
Phyllis Berkby, architect, U.S.
Carol Dunn, art historian, U.S.
Meg Hanley, video artist, U.S.
Mika Seeger, potter, Nicaragua

Heléne aylon

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556 Broome Street New York, New York 10013 January 25, 1984

Dr. Harold Proshansky Graduate School of the City University of New York 33 West 42 Street New York, New York

Dear Dr. Proshansky:

For Artists Call Against U.S. Intervention in Central America I would like to express our warm appreciation for your enabling us to have a special sculpture show at CUNY.

I would particularly like to thank you for your support of Hans Haacke, an internationally known political artist whose work is currently being recognized in an exhibition at the Tate Gallery in London.

Haacke has long been known as a defender of the individual's right to freely criticize the policies and activities of governments and interest groups in an art context. He has critically examined issues and practices existing in his own country as well as elsewhere in the world.

We are grateful that you provided a space where this and other Artists Call works could be shown.

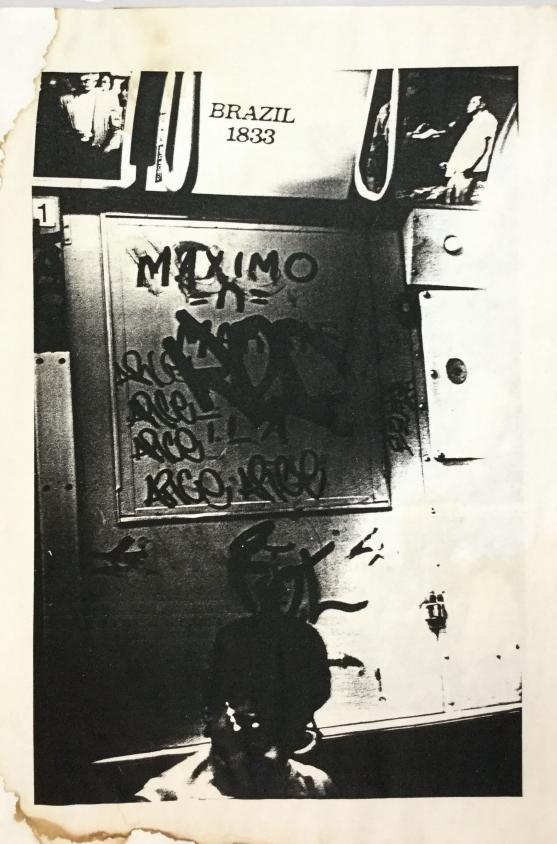
With best regards,

Yours sincerely,

Coosje van Bruggen

For the Exhibitions Committee, Artists Call Against U.S. Intervention in Central America

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ALLEN, Wm

PARAGUAY 1855



PANAMA 1856



PUERTO RICO 1898



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	HAITI 1878	NICARAGUA 1909	
The second second	CHILE 1891	MEXICO 1913	
	NICARAGUA 1896	CUBA 1917-1922	
	PUERTO RICO 1898	THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC 1965	

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5.

IV. The Composers and Music

Group Material seeks to present political issues in radically innovative ways. While the visual art we have curated for TIMELINE is strong, we propose to also use important music to again unify the work and to produce a dominant context for understanding the work. Concern with Central and Latin America has also been prominent in the work of several modern composers whose work is not well-known here in the U.S.

During the exhibition, a tape containing the music of Victor Jara's renditions of Latin American folksongs, Frederic Rwezski's "The People Divided Will Never Be Defeated" for piano and Hans Werner Henze's epic Tristan will be played.

V. The Artifacts, Commodities and Historical Documents

Group Material has collected some of the following materials to show with the artwork :

tobacco leaves
bunches of Chiquita bananas
(from United Fruit Co.)
sheets of copper
bags of coffee beans
"Juan Valdez" ads for
Columbian coffee companies
photocopies of American news
articles covering most of the
interventions
photographs of popular resistance
in Central and Latin America

masks and other artifacts
from the Sandinista revolution
posters and reproductions
from Central America
flags from various resistance
movements
artworks, drawings and prints
smuggled from Central and Latin
America
products sold for export by the
U.S. to Central and Latin America
(e.g. infant formulas, etc.)

VI. Materials, Costs and other Practical Concerns

Group Material agrees to provide all installation materials and labor for the making of TIMELINE. The costs of renting equipment, purchasing special materials and documenting the exhibition will be covered by Group Material. G.M. can also do substantial publicity work for this show. Installation, the collection of work, the return of work and responsibility for the incoming and outgoing condition of work will be the sole responsibility of Group Material. Proposed time for this exhibition is mid-January, 1984.

Tim Rollins for Group Material Dec. 1983